The Columbian.

[COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, BEAR OF THE NORTH, and COLUMBIAN, Consolidated.]

Issued Weekly, every Friday Morning, at

BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., Pa.

AT TWO DOLLARS per Year. To subscribers out of the county the terms are strictly in advance.

☞No paper discontinued except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits will not be given.

All papers sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing Department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on short notice, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

G. E. ELWELL, J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, JANUARY 19, 1883.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XVII NO 3
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL XLVI, NO 46

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

	1M	2M	3M	6M	1Y
One inch.....	$2 00	$ 3 50	$5 00	$8 00	$10 00
Two inches.....	3 50	4 00	5 00	8 00	13 00
Three inches.....	4 00	5 00	7 00	11 00	18 00
Four inches.....	5 00	7 00	9 00	12 00	20 00
Quarter column..	6 00	8 00	10 00	15 00	25 00
Half column.....	10 00	14 00	17 00	25 00	38 00
One column.....	20 00	25 00	30 00	50 00	100 00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid for before inserted except where parties have accounts.

Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.

Executor's, Administrator's, and Auditor's notices three dollars. Must be paid for when inserted.

Transient or Local notices, ten cents a line, regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar a year for each line.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

L. E. WALLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in 1st National Bank building, second floor, first door to the right. Corner of Main and Market streets, Bloomsburg, Pa.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Ent's Building.

C. R. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office on Main Street, 1st door below Court House.

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office over Schuyler's Hardware Store.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1
Bloomsburg, Pa.

B. FRANK ZARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office corner of Centre and Main Streets. Clark's Building.
Can be consulted in German.

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
NEW COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Member of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe.

PAUL E. WIRT,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office in COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Room No. 2, second floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

HERVEY E. SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office in Mrs. Ent's Building.
Sept. 15 '82-1 y.

GUY JACOBY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG,
Office in H. J. Clark's Building, second floor, first door to the left.
Oct. 8, '80.

S. KNORR. L. S. WINTERSTEEN, Notary Public
KNORR & WINTERSTEEN,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Office in 1st National Bank building, second floor, first door to the left. Corner of Main and Market streets Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ *Pensions and Bounties Collected.*

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
AND
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
Office in Mrs. Ent's Building, third door from Main street. May 20, '81.

JOHN C. YOCUM,
Attorney-at-Law.
CATAWISSA, PA.
Office in NEWS ITEM building, Main street.
Member of the American Attorneys' Association.
Collections made in any part of America.
Jan. 5, 1882.

A. K. OSWALD,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Jackson Building, Rooms 4 and 5.
May 6, '81. BERWICK, PA

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Catawissa, Pa.
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets.

WM. H. SNYDER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Orangeville, Pa.
Office in Low's Building, second floor, second door to the left.
Can be consulted in German. aug 18 '82

W. E. SMITH,
Attorney-atLaw, Berwick, Pa.
Can be Consulted in German.
ALSO FIRST-CLASS
FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANIES REPRESENTED.
☞Office with the Berwick Independent.

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5

R. BUCKINGHAM, Attorney-at-Law office, Brockway's Building 2st floor, Bloomsburg, Penn's. may 7, '80-1 f

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market

A. L. FRITZ, Attorney-at-Law. Office in COLUMBIAN Building. June 24 '81.

C. M. DRINKER, GUN & LOCKSMITH
Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office corner of Rock and Market street.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, (Office and Residence on Third street.

JAMES REILLY,
Tonsorial Artist,
Is again at his old stand under EXCHANGE HOTEL, and has as usual a FIRST-CLASS BARBER SHOP. He respectfully solicits the patronage of his old customers and of the public generally. July 16, '80-tf

EXCHANGE HOTEL.
W. R. TUBBS, PROPRIETOR
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.
Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences

ADVERTISERS by addressing GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 spruce St., New York, can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of ADVERTISING in American Newspapers. ☞100-page pamphlet, 25 cents. Dec. 15-4w.

IT'S COME!!

And

WE HAVE GOT IT.

AN

Immense New Stock

of

CLOTHING,

HATS,

CAPS, SHIRTS,

and

A Grand Line

OF

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Fall Novelties

AT

PRICES THAT

WILL

ASTONISH YOU.

CALL AND

BE CONVINCED.

AT

D. Lowenberg's.

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING.

-)o(-

A. J. EVANS,

The uptown Clothier, has just received a fine line of New Goods, and is prepared to make up

FALL AND WINTER SUITS

For Men and Boys in the neatest manner and Latest Styles.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
Hats, Caps, &c.,

Always on hand. Call and Examine. EVANS BLOCK Corner Main and Iron Streets,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

W. H. HOUSE,
—DENTIST,—
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner, work warranted as represented. TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
Office over Bloomsburg Banking Company.
To be open at all hours during the day.
Nov. 25-1y

B. F. SHARPLESS,
FOUNDER AND MACHINIST.
NEAR L. & B. DEPOT, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Manufacturer of Plows, Stoves and all kinds of Castings. Large stock of Tinware, Cook Stoves, Room Stoves, Stoves for heating stores, school houses, churches, &c. Also, large stock of repairs for city stoves of all kinds, wholesale and retail such as Fire Brick, Grates, Linings, Centres, &c., Stove Pipe, Cook Boilers, Spiders, Cake Plates, Large Iron Kettles, Sled Soles, Wagon Boxes, all kinds of Plow Points, Mould Boards, Bolts, Plaster, Salt,
——*BONE MANURE, &c.*——
feb 3 1-f

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY. Moyer's new building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Assets.
Ætna Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn.	$7,078,224
Royal of Liverpool.....	13,000,000
Lancashire	10,000,000
Fire Association, Philadelphia.....	4,165,717
Phœnix, of London.....	5,266,372
London & Lancashire, of England.....	1,709,976
Hartford of Hartford.....	5,273,000
Springfield Fire and Marine.....	2,082,585

As the agencies are direct, policies are written for the insured without any delay in the office at Bloomsburg. Oct. 28, '81-tf.

FIRE INSURANCE.
CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COMPANY.
GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
UNION INSURANCE COMPANY.
These OLD CORPORATIONS are well seasoned by age and FIRE TESTED and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in SOLID SECURITIES and are liable to the hazard of FIRE only.
Losses PROMPTLY and HONESTLY adjusted and paid as soon as determined by CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, SPECIAL AGENT AND ADJUSTER BLOOMSBURG, PA.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses if any are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.
PROMPTNESS, EQUITY, FAIR DEALING.

B. F. HARTMAN
REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING
AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES
Lycoming of Muncy Pennsylvania.
North American of Philadelphia, Pa.
Franklin of " "
Pennsylvania of " "
Farmers of York, Pa.
Hanover of New York.
Manhattan of New York.
Office on Market Street, No. 5, Bloomsburg.
oct. 24, '79-1y

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

For Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Sick Headache, Chronic Diarrhœa, Jaundice, Impurity of the Blood, Fever and Ague, Malaria, and all Diseases caused by Derangement of Liver, Bowels and Kidneys.

SYMPTOMS OF A DISEASED LIVER.

Bad Breath; Pain in the Side, sometimes the pain is felt under the Shoulder-blade, mistaken for Rheumatism; general loss of appetite; Bowels generally costive, sometimes alternating with lax; the head is troubled with pain, is dull and heavy, with considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having undone something which ought to have been done; a slight, dry cough and flushed face is sometimes an attendant, often mistaken for consumption; the patient complains of weariness and debility; nervous, easily startled; feet cold or burning, sometimes a prickly sensation of the skin exists; spirits are low and despondent, and, although satisfied that exercise would be beneficial, yet one can hardly summon up fortitude to try it—in fact, distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred when but few of them existed, yet examination after death has shown the Liver to have been extensively deranged.

It should be used by all persons, old and young, whenever any of the above symptoms appear.

Persons Traveling or Living in Unhealthy Localities, by taking a dose occasionally to keep the Liver in healthy action, will avoid all **Malaria, Bilious attacks,** Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Depression of Spirits, etc. It will invigorate like a glass of wine, **but is no intoxicating beverage.**

If You have eaten anything hard of digestion, or feel heavy after meals, or **sleepless** at night, take a dose and you will be relieved.

Time and Doctors' Bills will be saved by always keeping the Regulator in the House!

For, whatever the ailment may be, a thoroughly safe **purgative, alterative** and **tonic** can never be out of place. The remedy is **harmless and does not interfere with business or pleasure.**

IT IS PURELY VEGETABLE,
And has all the power and efficacy of Calomel or Quinine, without any of the injurious after effects.

A Governor's Testimony.

Simmons Liver Regulator has been in use in my family for some time, and I am satisfied it is a valuable addition to the medical science.
J. GILL SHORTER, Governor of Ala.

Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, of Ga., says: Have derived some benefit from the use of Simmons Liver Regulator, and wish to give it a further trial.

"The only Thing that never fails to Relieve,"—I have used many remedies for Dyspepsia, Liver Affection and Debility, but never have found anything to benefit me to the extent Simmons Liver Regulator has. I sent from Minnesota to Georgia for it, and would send further for such a medicine, and would advise all who are similarly affected to give it a trial as it seems the only thing that never fails to relieve.
F. M. JARNEY, Minneapolis, Minn.

Dr. T. W. Mason says: From actual experience in the use of Simmons Liver Regulator in my practice I have been and am satisfied to use and prescribe it as a purgative medicine.

☞Take only the **Genuine,** which always has on the Wrapper the **red Z Trade-Mark** and **Signature of J. H. ZEILIN & CO.**

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

August, 82 1y

STRENGTH

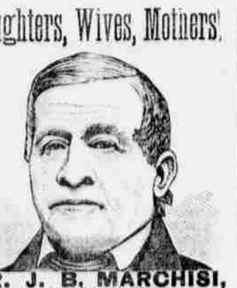
to vigorously push a business, strength to study a profession, strength to regulate a household, strength to do a day's labor without physical pain. All this represents what is wanted, in the often heard expression, "Oh! I wish I had the strength!" If you are broken down, have not energy, or feel as if life was hardly worth living, you can be relieved and restored to robust health and strength by taking BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, which is a true tonic—a medicine universally recommended for all wasting diseases.

501 N. Fremont St., Baltimore.
During the year I was injured in the stomach by a piece of a shell, and have suffered from it ever since. About four years ago it brought on paralysis, which kept me in bed six months, and the best doctors in the city said I could not live. I suffered fearfully from indigestion, and for over two years could not eat solid food and for a large portion of the time was unable to retain even liquid nourishment. I tried Brown's Iron Bitters and now after taking two bottles I am able to get up and go around and am rapidly improving.
C. BECKER.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS is a complete and sure remedy for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Weakness and all diseases requiring a true, reliable, non-alcoholic tonic. It enriches the blood, gives new life to the muscles and tone to the nerves.

March, 8, '82, 1y

Daughters, Wives, Mothers!



DR. J. B. MARCHISI,
UTICA, N. Y.
DISCOVERER OF DR. MARCHISI'S
CATHOLICON,
A POSITIVE CURE FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

This remedy will act in harmony with the Female system at all times, and also immediately upon the abdominal and uterine muscles, and restore them to a healthy and strong condition.

Dr. Marchisi's Uterine Catholicon will cure falling of the womb, Leucorrhœa, Chronic Inflammation and Ulceration of the Womb, Incidental Hemorrhage or Wooding, Painful, Suppressed and Irregular Menstruation, Kidney Complaint, Barrenness and is especially adapted to the change of Life. Send for pamphlet free. All letters of inquiry freely answered. Address as above. For sale by all druggists. **New size $1 per bottle, Old size $1.50.** Be sure and ask for Dr. Marchisi's Uterine Catholicon. Take no other.

Moyer Bros., Wholesale Agents, Bloomsburg Pa
June 23-1y.

KIDNEY-WORT
FOR THE PERMANENT CURE OF
CONSTIPATION.
No other disease is so prevalent in this country as Constipation, and no remedy has ever equalled the celebrated Kidney-Wort as a cure. Whatever the cause, however obstinate the case, this remedy will overcome it.
PILES
Many distressing complaints result from a torpid condition of the Liver and Bowels. Kidney-Wort acts on these organs at once and restores their healthy action, and thousands have testified to the wonderful cures it has effected in such troubles.
Either Sex. Druggists sell
KIDNEY-WORT

SELECT STORY.

THE LITTLE DETECTIVE.

Not far from the year 1850, a bold bank robbery took place in a large southern city, located on the shores of one of our great rivers. The money taken was chiefly gold, a large deposit of which had just been made. In those days the bank safes and vaults were less secure than now, and the combination lock was unknown. Neither were burglars so skillful as in these days; but there were some who very neatly mastered all the locks of the bank in question, one dark night, and quietly removed its piles of gold.

The whole detective force of the city was on the alert next day, and the eyes of Argus watched the levee, the railway stations, the streets and by-ways. Over forty thousand dollars had been stolen, and a reward of eight thousand dollars was already offered for the capture of the robbers and the recovery of the money.

There was a member of the detective force, named Donnelly, who had long been a target for the ralley of his fellows. One reason was that he was very short in stature, his height being five feet five and his weight one hundred and sixteen, and another was that he had never accomplished anything of importance. He had been "kept down," probably to a mistaken notion of his real worth, and had been generally assigned to duty in petty larceny, where a stolen coat or cloak was to be looked up among the pawn-brokers or dealers in second-hand clothing.

Donnelly, too, was excitable, as a detective ought not to be, and on this occasion he entered the chief's office and nervously said:

"I know where the gold is!"

"Where?" asked the chief smiling, while several officers present winked at each other.

"I saw them take it on board a boat at the levee."

"How do you know? Did you see the coin itself?"

"No; they didn't have it loose in a wheelbarrow, like coal," replied Donnelly, a little stung. "I'm not joking, sir, and mean what I say. I saw the gold taken on board the 'Water Lily.'"

"Pretty name, anyhow," suggested one of the detectives.

"How was it taken aboard?" asked the chief more gravely.

"In three carpet-bags."

"Well, how do you know the gold was in them?"

"They were very heavy, for one thing."

"Well?"

"And they were carried by two well-dressed white men. One carried two, and he could hardly walk with them; while the other carried the third. They must have been valuable, or they would have been intrusted to the darkeys."

"When does the 'Water Lily' leave" asked the chief, somewhat interested.

"She steams up the river for M—, at four o'clock. She has but a small cargo."

"Well, Mr. Neff, you and Mr. Wilson, go with him and look at those carpet-bags," said the chief, addressing two of the detectives.

The three left, and in half an hour Neff and Wilson returned in a high state of mirth.

"Well, did you find them?" asked the chief.

"Yes, lying carelessly in a stateroom, and the doors wide open. We examined them and found that they weighed about three pounds each. The question is, whether they contain four shirts and nine handkerchiefs, or five boots and seven collars."

"Where's Donnelly?" asked the chief very much amused.

"We left him at the levee. He was ashamed to come back, no doubt."

"Really you fellows plague him too much."

"Yes," replied Neff; we'll destroy his usefulness if we keep on."

But little Donnelly was not satisfied. He called at the bank which had been robbed, and at his suggestion the officers procured a search warrant, and that afternoon every nook and corner of the "Water Lily," capable of concealing a dime, was searched, but no trace of the stolen money was found.

The captain was indignant and the passengers grumbled at being detained half an hour. The officers of the bank and the law officers who had executed the search warrant humbly apologized. The chief talked of removing Donnelly from the force.

"The "Water Lily" steamed up the river at half-past four, with half a dozen cabin passengers and one deck passenger. The latter was a ragged dirty-faced boy, of apparently seventeen. He wanted to go to M—, and had barely enough money to take a deck passage.

The black columns of smoke and the white wreaths of steam rolled up into the sky; the green shores glided by on either side, and new pictures of nature unfold far up the river at every curve; the passengers lounged and smoked; day faded, night came on, and the lonely pilot watched the hilltops and the stars; and the solitary deck passenger, after gazing on the rushing water and the picturesque shores till all were swallowed up in darkness, became drowsy, went and crawled into a bunk and snored.

At midnight the "Water Lily," rounded to tie up at her destination. Steam was blown off and several passengers went ashore, but not those who carried the three carpet-bags. Most of the crew also went ashore, as though they belonged there, and things were soon quiet on the "Water Lily." Hours went by; the fires under the boilers died out, and the iron grew cold.

Meanwhile the deck passenger lay snoring; and with dull ears and closed eyes, how was he to hear the stealthy tread of feet on the boiler deck, or see the light that, about three o'clock in the morning, came faintly back among the rude sleeping-bunks? It was at this hour that three men moved quietly about the deck, one of them carrying a lantern.

"We can't be too careful. Better make sure," said one, in a low tone.

"Well, let's go back and look," responded another.

Then the three men walked aft, with their light, and peered into the bunks. They were the captain and the two carpet baggers.

"Why, what's this?" asked one of the latter, in a startled whisper, as the red light flashed over the ragged form of the snoring deck passenger.

"Only that stupid young chap that took a deck passage," replied the captain. "A cannon wouldn't wake him, probably."

"Let him sleep, then, by all means. It would be cruel to disturb him."

After further careful scrutiny of the bunks and other dark recesses on the after-deck, the three went forward to the boilers. When they had done so, a remarkable change came over the deck passenger. Without any warning, whatever, and without the usual preliminary symptoms of waking, such as moving uneasily, turning over and sighing, he sat bolt upright and deliberately peeped out from his bunk. When he did so, he saw some human figures moving about in front of the boilers, and a dim light shining in their midst. He also heard a clanking sound, as of tools at work among iron machinery, and he got out of his bunk, noiselessly as a spirit, and floated forward over the deck like a shadow.

The captain of the "Water Lily" and the two passengers with the carpet-bags, were standing in front of one of the boilers and the former was at work with a wrench, taking the iron taps from the strong bolts that held the iron plate in its place over the man-hole while one of the passengers held the light in such a way as to cast nearly all its rays upon the work, and few of them anywhere else. It is not unusual for this heavy iron plate to be taken off for the purpose of examining or cleansing the interior of the boiler; but the ragged young deck passenger, who soon gained a position from which he could watch their movements closely, thought it quite remarkable that a couple of passengers should remain on board the "Water Lily" for the purpose of watching or assisting at the operation at three o'clock in the morning.

The heavy iron plate was at last freed from its place, and the captain, with the assistance of the passenger who was not holding the lantern, set it carefully down on the deck. The former then thrust his hand into the aperture and said:

"The water is pretty warm yet, but all's right."

"Are the bags sound?" said the passenger who held the light."

"Yes."

"Not cooked to shreds?"

"No."

"Can you lift them out?"

"Yes, one at a time. Look around carefully first. It would be pretty rough to be caught now."

"Good Lord!"

This was the exclamation of the passenger with the lantern. He had been on the point of raising it above his head, that he might be able to scan the vicinity closely, when a strong hand, coming right out to the darkness, snatched it from him.

It was a picture—that night scene—the three men standing frightened and amazed, and the dirty and ragged little deck passenger confronting them, with the lantern in one hand and a revolver in the other, leveled upon them, while his face assumed a look of firmness and authority,

"Put that iron plate on again?"—he said, with a sternness that contrasted queerly with his inferior size and appearance.

"Who are you?" asked the captain in a voice that trembled.

"My name is Donnelly. I belong to the detective force, and am on the scent of that gold you have hidden in that boiler. I knew it was on this boat."

The captain moved uneasily, took a step or two backward, and put a hand behind him to grasp a large poker, used by the firemen. It was leaning against a stanchion; but the sharp eyes of the little detective were on him, and he said:

"Yes, just so much as touch that poker, and I will shoot you through the heart. You'd like to lay me out wouldn't you?"

The captain withdrew his hand quickly, and his pale, frightened face looked almost ghastly in the dull light of the lantern.

"I'm not touching it," he said.

"Then don't!" returned the detective. "Now I'm watching you all. Obey me! A motion, a word, a look, and I'll empty this revolver. Do as I tell you. Put that plate on again and make it secure. I shall put a crew on this boat and take her down the river again. Do you hear?"

One of the passengers looked longingly toward the gang plank.

"I'm watching you," said Donnelly. "Just make a run for that, if you think you can go faster than a bullet."

"Look here, officer," said the captain, who had somewhat recovered his composure, "you are armed and have the advantage, otherwise you would find it a serious matter to interfere with us. I see you know all, and we understand one another. Now let us talk like business men. You are probably a comparatively poor man. We have forty thousand dollars here in this boiler. Take ten thousand of it, go your way and keep silent

"No, sir!" said the detective, emphatically. "I wouldn't let you go for the whole sum. Do as I ordered you, or I'll commence shooting."

Seeing that he was not to be trifled with, the captain and two passengers (who, of course, were simply a couple of polished burglars) proceeded to replace the iron plate, under the sharp supervision of the detective, who warned them that they had better do it right, as they must remain in custody on board the "Water Lily" during her trip down the river, and would have to risk the consequences of an explosion if they slighted their work. When the task was done he escorted them up into the cabin, and carefully locked them up in separate staterooms

The dawn of day saw the little steamboat backing out from the levee. With a fresh crew, hastily summoned by the bold little detective, she went flying down the river, and by mid-day was made fast once more to the levee she had left on the previous afternoon.

A messenger was speedily sent to the chief's office and to the bank; and once more the steam was blown off, the fires put out and the man-hole opened. Then there were taken from the boiler the bags of stolen coin, which were restored to their owners.

The sequel showed that the two passengers with the carpet-bags, who were a couple of the most accomplished burglars of the day, had, after robbing the bank, bribed the captain of the "Water Lily" to conceal the plunder in one of his boilers, where no one would ever have dreamed of looking for it, and to start up the river with them, without waiting for a cargo. His reward was to have been one-fourth of the money.

Little Donnelly, who received the reward of eight thousand dollars from the bank, was no longer a subject of sport, nor a "hewer of wood and a drawer of water," in the police office. He had gone from the bottom to the top in one jump, and for years afterward he enjoyed the distinction of being the keenest detective in the Southwest. So much for sticking to the scent and "shadowing" the "Water Lily."

Longstreet on Porter.

HE HOLDS THAT GOOD JUDGMENT IS HIGHER THAN BLIND OBEDIENCE.

The following letter, asked of the writer by the *National Republican*, has been sent to that paper, and is now given the public for the first time:

ATLANTA, Dec. 30, 1882.—Gen. U. S. Grant, New York. My Dear Sir: It occurs to me that an account of parallel circumstances passing in the Army of Northern Virginia, before and during the second Manasses, to those leading to the Fitz John Porter trial, may be a proper sequel to your recently published paper referring to his case. It is but just, however, to admit that the argument of those who hold to the finding of the court martial is, from their strictly military standpoint, conclusive. But they seem to ignore the well-recognized custom of war that superior officers are not confined to the rule that holds an army as a grand machine, limited, under all circumstances, to the letter of the orders of its chief, but are expected and required to exercise due discretion when not in his immediate presence. No doubt cases have occurred in your experience where officers were as deserving of reproof for failing to exercise such discretion as for failing to obey orders. Early on the 29th of August, 1862, at the head of my column, I arrived in striking distance of the battle in progress between part of the Army of the Potomac and General Jackson's wing of the Army of Northern Virginia. Upon seeing the approach of our column the Federal troops were withdrawn to a defensive position, a little retired. Before noon, as testified by myself and others before the Schofield Board, my command was deployed and formed on Jackson's right, at right angles to the Warrenton pike, and extending to and beyond the Manasses Gap Railroad. As soon as deployed General Lee indicated his purpose to have me attack. Intending to execute his plan, I asked time to reconnoitre the new position and the ground intervening. After the reconnoissance I reported the position strong and that the sacrifice was likely to be such as to cause apprehension of failure. He did not seem satisfied, and was considering the propriety of making his orders more definite when information was received from General Stuart of the approach of Federal troops upon my right. This drew attention to that part of the field for the time, but when it appeared that this force was hardly strong enough to attack, the question of attack by the First Corps was resumed. As the day was far spent, I suggested a force reconnoissance at nightfall, and preparations for the action of the day following. This was accepted. The reconnoisance, however, satisfied General Lee and myself that the battle should not be made at this point. So I withdrew about midnight to the ground we had occupied before our advance. The next day the Federals renewed the battle against Jackson.

As we were not engaged or seriously threatened, I rode out in advance of my line in search of opportunity to take my share of the battle, and found a number of my officers collected at a point from which they had fair view of the masses welling up against Jackson. From this point it was evident that a few batteries, having enfilade fire, could disperse the attack, and some of our batteries were ordered forward for the position, and to prepare. Meanwhile a message came from General Jackson asking for reinforcements, and almost immediately after came an order from Lee to send some of my brigades to Jackson. It did not seem probable that the troops could reach Jackson in time, if sent; at the same time there was no doubt of our dispersing the attack by the fire of our artillery. Under the circumstances I felt impelled to disregard the orders, and to operate on my own judgment. The fire of our batteries produced results anticipated. When the attacking forces were dispersed, my command was sprung to the charge and swept the field. Had I thus engaged the day before, it is more than probable that Porter would have been in good season to take me on the wing, and would in all probability have crushed me. Had I stopped to re-enforce on the second day, it is hardly probable that Jackson could have held till my troops could have reached him. As you state, it was not possible for Porter to attack under the 4.30 order, the failure to do which was alleged to be his high crime. If we may suppose that he received the order at 4.50, and had attacked, he would have given us the opportunity that we were so earnestly seeking all of that day, and in the disjointed condition of their army on that day the result might have been more serious than that of the next day, the 30th. Now if we suppose that my attack on the afternoon of the 30th had failed, we shall see that the evidence against me would have been stronger than that against Porter. Yet, with an earnest desire to meet the orders of my chief, I felt that it would be more culpable to execute than to disobey them. As we were successful, there was no room to question as to the only safe rule to guide the judgment in such cases. If in the exercise of discretion one becomes the direct cause of failure, he should only be adjudged as failing in generalship. If the intention is to bring discomfiture upon the arms it is criminal. Soon after this campaign I was promoted, and assigned as Senior Lieutenant General of the Confederate Army. With highest respect, your most obedient servant, JAMES LONGSTREET

Is your wife's health poor? Are your children sickly? Give them Brown's Iron Bitters. It will revive them.

An Arizona Bull Fight.

A bull fight at Tucson, Arizona, recently gathered a crowd of about 1,200 or 1,400 people, among whom might be seen representation of nearly every trade and profession in cosmopolitan Arizona. The bull fighters, under the leadership of Colonel Yanez, entered, made their bow and were rewarded with applause. All were dressed in proverbial costume, white stockings, fancy colored and embroidered knee breeches with jackets to match and black skull caps. Yanez in his hands held a bright red flag, while his two assistants were similarly provided with short, purple blankets. The bulls, four in number, were wildly chafing undismayed in their separate stalls. With one exception the precautionary measure of sawing off the tips of their horns had been wisely taken. The first bull disappointed the crowd and the second added to the disappointment, both refusing to fight.

The last bull of the three, "the toro colorado," to be fought that day was then let in. He was a fine looking specimen of his kind and built for a fighter, from the ground up. He entered the ring with a rush and lost no time in getting down to business. Wherever a red flag was waved or a man showed himself in the ring his lordship was there also, and when they as they always did, took refuge behind the screens provided for their safety he made an effort to butt them down and follow in. When Colonel Yanez attempted to ornament the bull's forehead with a rosette he missed it and narrowly escaped being made into a rosette himself. After repeated efforts the rosette was pinned on. Now, madder than ever, and foaming at the mouth, he bellowed with rage and charged furiously. Some of the escapes from his horns were marvelous. To further show his skill as a bull fighter Colonel Yanez endeavored to plant two gandily colored arrangements of paper and fire crackers in either shoulder, but in avoiding a charge he stuck both into one side of the bull's neck. The exploding crackers drove the bull wild with rage and pain and it looked as though he was going to get even up with his tormentors, for without paying heed to the red flags he charged the clown with such fierceness that it was impossible to miss the shock, so down he went and the bull over him, and but for the presence of mind of the other men in the ring, who ran up and by flaunting their flags in the face of the bull drew him away from the prostrate man, he would doubtless have been seriously injured.

The next move was to lasso and throw the bull and then clinch a rope tightly around his body, which served as a hand-hold to one of the fighters, who seated himself astride of the bull's hips. The ropes were taken off and the animal sprang to his feet. He first tried to shake the man off his back, but failing in that he rushed after the others so furiously as to throw his rider, and, quickly turning on him, would have given him a ride in another direction but for the others drawing his attention with their flags. The sport with him lasted about an hour and was the most exciting of the whole programme. Colonel Yanez, when the bull was pretty well jaded, acted a little too familiar by stopping him with his hand and was rewarded by a sharp kick that emptied his bellows of wind. That, together with a strained wrist which made the clown happy, were the only accidents of the afternoon.

Leonie Leon.

GAMBETTA'S RELATIONS WITH THE WOMAN WHO CAUSED THE STATESMAN'S DEATH.

The New York *Times* has the following cable dispatch about Gambetta's death: Throughout his illness his friends have sought to conceal the gravity of the situation, and above all, the agency of a woman in the tragedy. Nevertheless, no doubt is permissable that the shot which directly or indirectly caused his death was fired by a lady who is well known in Paris and whose pseudonym, Leonie Leon conceals the patronymic of one of the most honorable Israelitish families of Bordeaux. She left her husband the conseiller general of the Cironde department, to follow the fortunes of him by whose eloquence in the Randin subscription and trial she was completely fascinated, and uniting with him in 1868 she deserted her family. Their connection has lasted ever since. He was impatient of the chain he could not break, especially as a child was born the succeeding year, whose paternity he refused to acknowledge. These refusals caused scenes of recrimination and often of positive violence between the lovers. The man wearied of the connection, and the woman clung devotedly to him for whom she had sacrificed her honor. Gambetta disliked the child, who was sickly, but intelligent, and lived as his nephew. He resembled Gambetta in character and features.

Two years ago Leonie's husband died and she summoned Gambetta to fulfill his promise of marriage, but received another refusal. He made an agreement, however, to provide for young Leon on the condition that he should be educated in Germany. The mother hesitated, but finally consented and accompanied the child and his father to Dresden. This was the journey so much commented upon last year by the European press, which ascribed political motives to the presence of Leon Massabie et la dame at the German hotels. The connection was continued after their return, Leonie going every Saturday evening to his villa, where she was accepted as mistress by the servants, and returning Monday morning in his carriage. Their quarrels also continued. Within a week three discharged domestics revealed the mysteries of the ill starred establishment. Finally the dissensions culminated in the scene of the unhappy pistol shot. Gambetta, lost his temper, giving vent to abuse and coarse language, such as he was wont to employ in moments of passion. She was exasperated, seized a revolver and fired. He raised his hand to turn aside the weapon and received his death wound. Everything else is conjecture; none but they know the truth, and Gambetta died, yet made no sign. I can vouch for the authenticity of this part of the unhappy story, and I assume the entire responsibility for it, no matter how different it may be from the others which may have attained publicity.

Lost in the Flames.

A FATAL HOTEL FIRE. FIFTY LIVES LOST.

Since the ill-fated steamer Lady Elgin carried its hundreds of passengers down to a watery grave in Lake Michigan, nothing like the apalling calamity which occurred in Milwaukee on the morning of Jan. 10th. in the burning of the Newhall House, has ever befel that city. The flames were discovered just before 4 a. m., and in less than half an hour not only was the whole building a mass of smouldering ruins, but fully fifty people had been swept into eternity, and as many more moaning sufferers had been removed from the burning building.

The origin of the fire is shrouded in mystery, though the general belief is that it is the work of an incendiary. Small flames have been discovered at the entrnce to the elevator of the hotel, but they were extinguished before any damage was done. These apparent attempts to destroy the building, lead people to believe that this last and horribly successful effort was made by the same party.

The scenes during the progress of the fire were heart-rending and pitiful beyond description. Guests rudely awakened from their sleep by the terrible heat and suffocating smoke appeared in the window, where their frantic cries for aid rang on the ears of the concourse of people gathered below, but powerless to render any assistance.

Walled in by the sea of flame, the unfortunates in the building could be seen running wildly about in the vain rearch for a means of eseape, and wringing their hands in despair. Finally, driven out by the fast devouring flames, every now and then a black object would appear on the sill of a window, a piercing shriek rend the morning air and a thud would announce that one more unfortunate had chosen to meet death on the pavement below rather than in the seething mass of flames within. Others, seeing the distance to the ground below, turned round and with hands uplifted heavenward, as if invoking divine aid, threw themselves back into the fire.

Men who, in the daily walks of life, have been accounted heartless and unfeeling, wrung their hands in despair, running about in bewilderment and exclaiming: "My God! This is horrible? A black objet would appear on the outside of the windows, driven out by the smoke and flame, a piercing scream would rend the air, and a heavy thud would announce that would announce that a human being had dropped to death on the pavement below.

The servant girls were quartered on the sixth floor, and when the house was discovered to be burning they found themselves cut off from all escape. Their screams could plainly be heard in the street. Presently Ed. Ryemer and Herman Strauss, of Truck No. 1 appeared on the roof of the bank building at a critical junctnre, directly opposite the servant's quarter, ladder in hand. For a moment the unwieldy thing was poised in mid-air and then descended with a crash through a window of the hotel. It formed a bridge across the alley, and before it became steady in position men had crossed into the hotel. Then, amid the cheers of the crowd below, they dragged helpless creatures across the slender bridge until eleven had been rescued. All were in their night-clothes and many were badly frozen before reaching a shelter. A woman in a dead faint was dragged across in safety, but at one time the whole of her body was hanging over clear of the ladder, while a man held her by the ankle. The crowd below held their breath in suspense expecting every moment to see the ladder turn over or break beneath the strain. The man, however, was equal to the emergency. By an effort he pulled her upon the slender bridge and finally placed her out of danger. The two brothers Clayton rescued four women, carrying them out bodily.

Some of the girls, thinking that they could cling to the outer walls and thus escape the tortures of roasting alive, or that they could in some manner clamber down the side of the building, swung themselves out of the windows, only to drop to the stone paving of the alley below, where every one of them was shockingly crushed. At one time nine of these mangled bodies, some of them bl

THE COLUMBIAN.

G. E. Elwell, J. K. Dittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 19, 1883.

The clerks in the Controller's office at Philadelphia on Friday last presented Mr. Pattison with a handsome gilt frame containing the portraits of the employees of the department. The recipient responded in his usual happy manner.

The following letter has been sent to the Senators and Representatives in Congress from Pennsylvania.

DEAR SIR:

The thanks of the Philadelphia Civil Service Reform Association, and of the public, are due to you for your favorable vote in Congress upon the Pendleton Bill.

While that measure can only be regarded as a beginning, because its operation is restricted to offices in the several departments at Washington, and to others employing fifty or more persons, and it therefore removes from politics only about 10,000 of the 111,000 government employees, yet the great majority by which it passed each House augurs well for the eventual attainment of the object in which the people of the country at large seem so much interested; and it is creditable to Pennsylvania that the first step towards removing patronage from politics should have commanded the affirmative vote of her Senators and Representatives in Congress, with the single exception of the gentleman from Schuylkill County, representing the Thirteenth District.

Yours, Very Respectfully
WAYNE MACVEAGH, AND OTHERS.

Governor Pattison's Inauguration.

On Tuesday last at 12 o'clock noon, Henry M. Hoyt laid down the reins of the state government, and Robert E. Pattison was sworn in as Governor of Pennsylvania for the next four years. In deference to the wishes of Mr. Pattison there was no military display, but the city was thronged with people, and a number of political organizations, bands and fire companies made an imposing procession which paraded the streets before the inaugural ceremonies at the Capitol. Soon after twelve o'clock, Governor Hoyt and staff and Governor Pattison and staff made their appearance on the portico of the legislative hall, and after prayer by Rev. Dr. Robison, the oath of office was administered by Justice Trunkey of the Supreme Court. The inaugural address was then delivered, but it was inaudible but to a few in close proximity, owing to the confusion of the dense crowd of many thousands of people.

At the conclusion of the inaugural address the senate and house proceeded to their respective chambers. The house immediately adjourned. In the senate Lieutenant Governor Stone announced that the governor had been inducted into office, and his address would be placed upon the desks of members.

Hon. Chauncey F. Black was then qualified as lieutenant governor by Judge Trunkey.

Upon taking the chair the lieutenant governor delivered the following dignified, well-timed and non-partisan address to the senate.

SENATORS: It can hardly be necessary for me to say that I assume the duties of this chair with extreme diffidence. The rules which govern your proceedings are, in great part, the garnered fruits of the long experience of our race in free parliamentary business. Their just observance is essential to the proper dispatch of your affairs, to the due order of your deliberations, and, in some instances, to the protection of the constitutional rights of the freemen of the state. But they constitute a distinct body of law, and a kind, which you of all men, best know, can be acquired only by patient application, accompanied by practical experience.

My predecessors in office were, both of them, distinguished senators before they were called to the high place which I now approach without previous training in this or any other legislative body. This circumstance will, I trust, be generously reckoned to me in partial extenuation, at least, of the sharp contrasts which must presently appear between their administrations and mine. I shall be content, however, if, while failing totally to rival their efficiency in many important duties of the office, I shall be able to command the approbation of the senate for the simple integrity of purpose which I intend shall be the sole inspiration of my conduct. In this chair I shall conscientiously endeavor to forget not merely personal attachments, but political distinctions, and remember only my duty to the state and the senate. Upon this candid declaration of the spirit which actuates me in assuming my constitutional relations with you, I do now most earnestly bespeak your patience and forbearance in the many difficult situations which doubtless await me.

Although president of the senate in virtue of the office to which I have been called by the will of the people, I am not unmindful of the restrictions upon this function of the lieutenant governor. He presides, but he has save one neither privilege nor power, unless it be comprehended by a fair interpretation of that word. He has no voice in debate and no vote, but in the rare case of a tie. In my reading of the constitution, he has no right whatever to be heard in this chamber except in necessary explanation of his rulings, and he has no more right on the occasion of his taking the oath than he has on any other to abuse your courtesy by indulgence in the discussion of topics beyond these limits. Believing that what I have already said is admissable, because it is in the nature of such an explanation, and therefore proper to this ceremony, I feel that I have no further claim to your attention.

Senators: I am ready to proceed with the business of the state.

The senate then adjourned until four o'clock.

Vanderbilt's Latest.

The Chicago *Tribune* says that Mr. Vanderbilt tired of paying the Illinois Central railroad company a heavy rental for the use of its tracks into the city by the Michigan Central, and desiring also free entrance for his new acquisition—the "Nickle Plate"—is contemplating the purchase of the Illinois Central, and, in fact, has been quietly buying its stock, evidently expecting to get the aid of the Holland stockholders of that road.

Democratic State Committee.

At the meeting of the Democratic State Committee at Harrisburg last Monday, W. U. Hensel, Esq., was re-elected chairman. The office of secretary was left open for the present.

Nominations were then made for members of the executive committee. While Secretary Sloan was having the ballots printed, the meeting proceeded to fix the time for holding the state convention. After the first ballot the first Wednesday in August next was agreed upon. After a spirited but good-natured discussion between the respective merits of Harrisburg and Allentown as the place, a resolution was passed leaving the matter of place to the executive committee. On the first ballot Hon. R. A. Packer, of Bradford; Hon. B. F. Meyers, of Dauphin, and William F. Harrity, Esq., of Philadelphia, were elected. On the second ballot Hon. Robert P. Allen, of Lycoming, and General Richard Coulter, of Westmoreland, were elected. On the third ballot W. J. Brennan, of Allegheny county, was elected, and on the fourth ballot Nicholas Isenberg, of Huntingdon, was elected.

On motion of Geo. E. Elwell, it was resolved that whenever a vacancy shall occur by resignation, removal or death in the membership of the state executive committee the vacancy shall be filled by a majority of the remaining members called together by the chairman for that purpose.

A resolution was offered by Mr. Harrity that when the committee adjourn it adjourn to meet the evening before the first Wednesday in August next.

It was also resolved that the basis of representation in the next state convention be made according to the present representative apportionment.

On motion of Mr. Charlton, of Washington, section two, of rule one, calling the state committee, was recommended to be changed by substituting the Wednesday, after the third Monday of January at 4 o'clock p. m.

On motion of Hon. H. J. McAteer, of Huntingdon, it was resolved that a majority of the members in attendance at any stated meeting of the state committee shall constitute a quorum.

Nearly all the members of the committee were present in person or by substitute and the democrats of the state were well represented.

Legislative Postage Stamps.

Mr. J. McDowell Sharpe, a member of the House, has called attention to the fact that members each receive one hundred dollars worth of postage stamps and fifty dollars extra for the purchase of stationery. It is under the act of 1870 that such an amount of postage stamps is drawn. Section nine of the act of June, 12, 1879, provides that each senator and member of the house shall be entitled to receive fifty dollars for every extra session in lieu of stationery now allowed by law, and that no stationery, printed matter used as stationery, nor any perquistes whatever shall hereafter be furnished to the members of the legislature by clerks at the expense of the state. Mr. Sharpe held that these two laws conflicted and that the latter repealed the act of 1870. The matter was referred to a committee of inquiry which has reported that the law granting members one hundred dollars in postage stamps is perfectly sound.

We endorse the view of the matter taken by the Harrisburg *Patriot* which is as follows:

There can be no doubt that this postage stamp business is an abuse. There are few if any members who send through the post office anything like a hundred dollars worth of mail matter. The banks and business men of this city know what becomes of the bulk of legislative postage stamps. It is nothing unusal for postage stamps to become plenty and cheap in Harrisburg after the adjournment of the legislature. The subject will certainly bear investigation and the point raised by Mr. Sharpe should be submitted to a committee of lawyers of the two houses. If such a committee decides that the two acts referred to do not conflict, then the first duty of the democrats should be to introduce a bill forbidding entirely the distribution of postage stamps. The state could thus be saved in the neighborhood of twenty-four thousand dollars at every session of the legislature. Here is an opportunity to cut down expenditures which should not pass unimproved.

General Palmer's Report.

The Attorney-General's report, presented to the General Assembly, gives in detail the transactions of his department during the past two years, including the names and amounts of claims placed in his hands for collection, the amounts collected and commissions received. He states that the proceedings instituted under direction of the Legislature against the bogus diploma colleges have been successfully terminated and all known institutions of that character broken up; that the charters of upward of 200 graveyard insurance companies have been forfeited by legal proceedings, and that other questions of interest and importance have been settled at the suit of the Commonwealth. His total collections during two years were $426,305; commissions, $16,384.41; excess paid into the Treasury, $2,384.41; total collections during his term, $897,010.61. He calls attention to the fact that William M. Singerly, Esq., furnished the necessary funds to prosecute the bogus colleges, and that he has not been reimbursed, no appropriation having been made by the Legislature for that purpose.

The Western Union Suit

Attorney General Palmer has announced his decision in the matter of an application for a writ of quo warranto against the Western Union Telegraph Company. In a paper addressed to Messrs. Brewster and Swayne, counsel for the company, he says: "After giving the case the consideration demanded by the magnitude the public and private interests involved (and the difficulty of the question is suggested in very able arguments of of counsel), I am of opinion that it ought to be submitted to the courts for determination, and in coming to this conclusion I have considered the justice and propriety of inaugurating the litigation, as well as the possibility of final judgment in favor of the Commonwealth. I do not see that a formal explanation of the reasons that have led to this conclusion can serve any useful purpose. I shall immediately cause a bill to be filed in the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania substantially in the form of that presented to you and praying that contracts and consolidations entered into by the Western Union Company with other companies in the State of Pennsylvania in violation of the Constitutional provision and the general statutes may be declared void and that the said companies be perpetually restrained from operating under them.

Pattison's Cabinet.

THE APPOINTMENTS SENT TO THE SENATE AND CONFIRMED.

Governor Pattison, at a special session of the senate Tuesday afternoon, sent in for confirmation the appointment of Wm. S. Stenger, to be secretary of the commonwealth; Lewis C. Cassidy, to be attorney general; Pressly N. Guthrie, to be adjutant general and S. Davis Page, to be controller of the city of Philadelphia. The senate at once went into executive session and the nominations taken up in order for confirmation. There was not a single vote against Mr. Stenger or Mr. Guthrie. When the name of Senator Kennedy was called on the confirmation of Mr. Cassidy, the youthful senator took the floor and made a ten minute speech against the appointment. Mr. Kennedy's vote was the only dissenting one.

The nomination of Mr. Page was referred to the judiciary general committee on motion of Mr. Stewart, seconded by Mr. Wallace, to ascertain whether the governor or Philadelphia councils have the power to make the appointment of controller.

Death of Dr. Mudd.

THE PHYSICIAN WHO SET BOOTH'S LEG AFTER PRESIDENT LINCOLN WAS ASSASSINATED.

Dr. Samuel A Mudd. who served a term at the Dry Tortugas for harboring and assisting John Wilkes Booth, the assassin of President Lincoln, to escape, died on the 10th inst., at his residence, near Bryantstown, Charles county, Md. Dr. Mudd came of an old Maryland family of prominence and influence in Southern Maryland. After the assasination Booth and Harold rode to his home and he dressed Booth's injuries. He found that Booth's right leg was fractured, the bone being broke clear through just above the ankle. The leg was much swollen, and Dr. Mudd insisted on Booth remaining at his house all day and into the next night. He gave him the necessary surgical attention, but the pursuit of the assassin being fierce at midnight Booth was guided to the Potomac, when he rowed over in a boat to the place where he met his death and where Harold was captured.

Dr. Mudd was at once arrested, tried, convicted and sentenced by the court to be confined for life at hard labor, and President Johnson ordered him and others to be sent to the Albany Penitentiary. He was subsequently sent to the Dry Tortugas, where, during a yellow fever epidemic, he rendered such valuable services that, after a few year's confinement, he was pardoned by President Johnson. About a year or two ago he brought a claim for those services before Congress but it was not allowed.

There has been organized in New York a society for the preservation of Niagara Falls, whose object will be to promote by legislative and other measures the restoration and improvement of the scenery of Niagara Falls in accordance with the plan which was approved by Gov. Robison, which passed the Assembly in 1880, but was not put through the Senate because of the opposition of Gov. Cornell.

James T. Gardner, who, in company with Frederick Law Olmstead, made an inspection and survey of the Falls at the request of Gov. Robinson, and on whose report the bill of 1880 for the preservation of the Falls was based, addressed the meeting. He said that Goat Island had thus far been preserved as a primeval forest by the owners, the Porter family. Within two years, however, a partition of the property must be made, and Goat Island must be sold. Various projects have been suggested for the future uses of the island, most of which involve the destruction of the primeval forest, which includes trees 250 years old The plan at present most likely to succeed appears to be to cut a canal through the island, and build a row of mills to use the water power. There is not a place where the Falls can now be seen from the American side without going on private property. It is proposed to have the State purchase enough land about the Falls to preserve the natural scenery, and to co-operate with Canada for that purpose. Gov. Cornell opposed the appropriation of State money for the purpose, and said he had no objection to the erection of a row of water power mills on Goat Island.

NEWS ITEMS.

A lady of San Antonia, Texas, has 40,000 silk worms at work in her yard.

There are nineteen life saving stations along the coast of North Carolina.

For dressing the hair and beautifying when gray, nothing is satisfactory Parker's Hair Balsam.

The Girard estate, college and all is now valued at about eighteen million dollars.

Jonathan Meck, merchant, residing at Tremont, Schuylkill county, has brought civil suit for libel against the *Miners' Journal* Publishing Company, claiming $5,000 damages.

Ice men on the Penobscot river say that they have harvested some 189,500 tons, and they had about 50,000 tons left over from last season.

If General Porter is a traitor, as some vicious republican newspapers wildly assert, then General Grant and several other very prominent northern military men are guilty of approving his treason.

Patterson, N. J., is supposed to possess more one eyed men than any other city in the United States except perhaps Pittsburg. Nine-tenths of those thus afflicted are workers in iron and steel, and have been struck in the eye with the metal chippings.

The federation of all the bituminous coal miners of this country has been seriously considered. The organization would have a constituency of 170,000 men. Pennsylvania furnishes employment to 70,000 bituminous coal miners.

All the employees engaged in laying the track on the new railroad from Frazer to Phoenixville are colored men. These men are from Virginia, and they have all worked at putting down track in this state.

THE SEARCH FOR SILVER ORE.—The parties who have been prospecting for silver and other valuable minerals near the Wind Gap, on the lands of E. P. Searls, in the Blue mountains, but who for a time had suspended work will soon resume operations and push their work vigorously. They have made two tunnels, one 240 feet in length and tha other 275. In one of these a cave thirty feet long and from six to eight feet in width was struck. Traces of silver, copper and other minerals have been discovered by the explorers.

Valuation of Real Estate and Personal Property of Columbia County at triennial valuation in 1882.

DISTRICTS.	Dogs.	Total value of all Real Estate.	Horses and Mules.	Cattle over 4 years old.	Money at interest.	Saw Mills.	Pleasure carriages, of two and four wheels.	Furniture above $300.	Occupation.	Aggregate value of taxable real estate.	Class 1.	Class 2.	Class 3.
Beaver	139	$167321	$6425	$1850	$2250	.....	.....	$425	$12 97	$18 818	.....	.....	.....
Benton	191	149831	6865	2547	1760	.....	.....	160	7110	194996	.....	.....	.....
Berwick	161	987155	5429	440	9200	.....	4700	3640	72995	874330	5	4	5
Bloomsburg	131	690115	10406	1450	19000	.....	3000	2225	85170	793365	4	12	4
Briarcreek	184	191923	7 81	2480	500	1000	.....	1185	11470	216069	.....	.....	.....
Cat-wissa	197	183950	5950	1940	13900	.....	1000	1350	63350	356740	4	5	1
Centralia	.....	144930	1650	43	.....	.....	.....	.....	95 00	174944	.....	.....	.....
Centre	147	296531	13020	2610	2400	.....	.....	2175	12170	328516	2	.....	.....
Conyngham	117	301085	8530	440	.....	.....	50	1410	6 00	317515	.....	.....	.....
Fishingcreek	166	196583	10790	3670	2885	.....	.....	100	34150	544305	.....	.....	.....
Franklin	73	100845	2935	1520	500	.....	.....	905	3018	108591	1	.....	.....
Greenwood	169	219014	14465	3940	5590	.....	.....	1745	12560	351754	2	.....	.....
Hemlock	96	191915	6745	2180	1100	.....	.....	995	1625	208090	.....	.....	.....
Jackson	88	59079	3618	1790	.....	.....	.....	320	2170	58997	.....	.....	.....
Locust	221	212125	8343	3740	3600	.....	.....	695	16870	238975	.....	.....	.....
Madison	140	180959	9685	3060	.....	.....	.....	1285	5760	202834	.....	.....	.....
Main	139	113913	6045	1570	4000	.....	50	1495	5200	127057	1	2	.....
Mifflin	139	187590	8955	1970	.....	.....	.....	1370	1190	211025	1	.....	.....
Montour	96	168888	5780	1190	950	.....	.....	320	7415	181590	2	1	.....
Mt. Pleasant	117	108946	6446	2080	400	.....	.....	615	3720	191 97	.....	.....	.....
Orange	103	91745	4966	1610	7491	.....	.....	570	11181	173515	.....	.....	.....
Pine	120	76,45	4225	2163	.....	.....	.....	450	4600	87 83	.....	.....	.....
Roaringcreek	95	75210	3650	1240	50	.....	.....	690	2940	80660	.....	.....	.....
Scott	169	204162	7110	2660	11650	.....	.....	1580	26650	281619	13	4	.....
Sugarloaf	118	74800	4010	2090	.....	300	.....	.....	4220	85390	1	.....	.....
Total	2918	$5070939	$172958	$49073	$86926	$1900	$8750	$24510	$456782	$5784906	23	39	10

The above statement shows the amount of each kind or class of taxable property in each of the several districts of Columbia county as returned by the triennial assessors of 1882.

Notice is hereby given that the County Commissioners, sitting as a Board of Revision, will attend at their office, in Bloomsburg, for the purpose of finally determining whether any of the valuations of the Assessors have been below a just rate, according to the intent and meaning of the Act of July 27th, 1842, and to raise, reduce and equalize the same according to law: January, Monday the 22nd, for all districts on the south side of the river, Tuesday the 23rd, for all districts west of Big Fishingcreek and Wednesday, the 24, for balance of districts, being those through which said creek passes and those wholly on the east side; at which time and place all persons for themselves and districts, desiring to be heard, can attend. The returns will be open for inspection until said revision is completed.

JOSHUA FETTERMAN,
CHARLES REICHART, } Commissioners.
B. F. EDGAR,
Attest: JOHN B. CASEY, Clerk.

Commissioner's Office,
Bloomsburg, January 9th, 1883.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall-St., N. Y. aug 11-1 y.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF JANE KITCHEN, DECEASED.

And now January 8th, 1883, on motion of L. S. Wintersteen, L. E. Waller Esq., is appointed auditor to make distribution of the funds in the hands of the administrator to and among the parties entitled thereto, hereby gives notice that he will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, on February 3rd, 1883, at 10 a. m., at which time and place all parties having claims against the said estate will appear and present the same or be debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.

L. E. WALLER,
Auditor.

jan 19-ta

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF THOMAS ATEN, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of Thomas Aten, late of Mifflin township, Col. co., deceased have been granted by the Register of said county to William H. Aten and Mary Aten. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to make payment to the undersigned administrators without delay.

WILLIAM H. ATEN,
MARY ATEN,
Administrators.

Dec. 8-6w.*

ANNUAL STATEMENT OF BLOOM POOR DISTRICT,

From Jan. 9th, 1882, to Jan. 8th, 1883.

JOHN K. GROTZ, Treasurer.

DR.

To Bal as per Settlement Jan 9th '82		$ 80 00
" Cash rec'd Bloom duplicate '81	$ 943 31	
less exoneration '82,		
Commission 91 07	100 89	843 42
" cash rec'd of Bloom dup '82		769 88
" cash of J M Rote, col of Greenwood dup '81	348 02	
less E & 5 79 Com 34 38	40 17	307 85
" cash on duo of 182		355 75
" cash H N White col of Scott '81	596 41	
less Ex 4 04, Com 37 52	41 56	554 85
" cash on dup of '82		947 00
" cash S L Hess col of Sugarloaf '81	976 69	
less Ex 4 61 Com 33 98	94 81	181 88
" cash on dup of '82		60 00
" cash on dup '74 J K Miller dup of Greenwood		187 90
" cash on judgment Nancy Kahler		200 00
" cash rec'd Mt Pleasant twp overseer		10 80
" cash rec'd Thos McCash rec'd of E H Little Orange twp		287 35
		94 25
Total		$4178 11

Cr.		
By order of 1880 redeemed	140 00	
" interest paid on same	13 74	
" orders of 1881 redeemed	718 69	
" " 1882	3212 90	
Commission	81 69	
Bank stamps and postage	2 03	
Bal. in Treasurer's hands	9 71	
Total		$4178 11
Amt. outstanding orders Jan 9 1882	858 69	
Amt. orders issued from Jan 9 1882 to Jan 8 1883, both days inclusive	3229 95	
Total		$4088 64
Amt orders redeemed to Jan 8 1883	4070 89	
Amt. orders outstanding Jan 8 1883	17 75	
Total		4088 64

STATEMENT OF TAXES UNSETTLED IN BLOOM POOR DISTRICT.

DUP. 1882	AMTS PAID	
Bloom, 2091 35	76 38	1898 97
Scott, 781 89	247 00	504 89
Greenwood, 608 01	305 75	342 26
Sugarloaf, 206 99	60 00	146 80
3748 87	1425 13	2322 94

STATEMENT OF EXPENSES OF BLOOM POOR DISTRICT FOR YEAR ENDING JAN. 8 1883.

Auditing accounts Jan 82	15 00
T. J. Morris for orders of relief	11 50
L B Rupert postage in '81	2 27
W Krickbaum costs	2 80
L B Rupert auditor's clerk Jan '82	1 00
Smith bills for '77 to '82	55 93
Drs Krebs and McReynolds	90 00
Dr J. L. Edwards attending Adams	81 00
Dr Harter attending Sarah Smith	10 00
State Hospital Mary Hughes 156 65	
" " Geo Fox 171 20	
" " L Z Kahler. 426 05	
Coal for poor house	1 1 19
Chairs do	25 00
Iron bedsteads for poor house	47 81
Columbian advertising account	15 00
Columbia county Republican account	15 00
Sentinel account	15 00
Total	45 00
Lime for farm	27 75
Terwilliger coffin for Mrs Kempton	10 00
" " "	10 00
Farman coffin for J. Archie	1 00
" " " Archie's child	6 00
" " "	8 00
" " " Mr Holter	12 00
Correll " " Jos J Fry	14 00
E Jones graves for Vanhorn and child	3 00
Harris constable	10 00
Howell bal Road tax 1881	5 80
Tramps	3 94
Salary steward to Jan 1883	687 50
Weaver lumber on farm	31 81
Brower roofing bed room and kitchen	35 24
Little retaining fee	10 10
" fee on loan case	5 00
" writing agreement with Whary	1 00
Allen for removing Casey Parker	3 00
Whary for heating fixtures	275 00
Terwilleger orders of relief	5 50
A Snyder repairing pump	4 00
Maize orders of relief	5 00
H K Albertson salary	75 00
R Fairman "	75 00
C Barton "	75 00
L B Rupert Sect. "	50 00
Bucksalew Bros taking Dr Dickinson to poor house	4 00
Shafer carpenter work	4 00
Sheriff Kof expense and keeping L Z Kahler	12 87
Making duplicates	10 00
Small pox bills	16 10
Sundry bills for medicine for family and paupers	863 90
	$2189 90

OUTSIDE RELIEF SETTLED TO JAN 1883.

Mrs C Joan of Espy		39 16
Hannah Johnson Bloom		61 56
Hiram Long "		44 45
Peter Shankling "		19 25
L J Reaser "		09 05
Sarah Pegg "		15 58
James Archie a d family Bloom		29 95
L Reddie Lenhart "		8 50
I Holter and family Bloom		12 00
Sarah Jones "		10 75
Abby Forman Espy		4 00
Elizabeth Wade "		9 00
Caroline Dennis Bloom		24 30
Jacb Adams Sugarloaf		1 40
Ephraim Park Bloom		2 00
Margaret Bowers "		33 00
William Lewis "		11 70
Lavina Giger "		3 18
Anna Maria Zimmerman Bloom		24 00
Jno Kramer Bloom		12 00
		506 35

We the undersigned auditors of the townships composing the Bloom Poor District, met at the Poor House, on Monday, January 8th, 1883, of said District, examined the accounts of the Treasurer and Directors from January 9th '82 to January 8th '83, and the vouchers for the same and find them correct as set forth above.

A B WHITE,
THOS. WEBB,
JOS. W EVES,
J M LARRISH.
} Auditors.

VALUE OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY BELONGING TO BLOOM POOR DISTRICT JANUARY 1883.

Farm and buildings	13100 00
Judgment on Bonis property	100 00
Bal. on Bloom dup. 1882 less com and Ex	1328 97
Bal on Greenwood dup 1882 less com and ex	342 28
Bal on Scott dup 1882 less com and ex	504 89
Bal on Sugaralaf dup 1882 less com and ex	146 80
3 horses	450 00
10 head cattle	270 00
14 sheep	42 00
12 chickens	25 00
Furniture in Steward's house	212 00
Long property	400 00
Furniture in poor house	250 00
18 acres winter grain	125 00
9 0 bushels corn ears at 37½	337 50
130 bushels wheat at 1.00	130 00
105 bushels potatoes at .50	52 50
20 bushels rye at 75	15 00
3 bushels clover seed at 6 00	18 00
1200 lbs pork and lard at .09	243 00
1 bbl vinegar	6 00
75 lbs packed butter	15 00
14 tons hay at 14 00	196 00
620 sheaves corn fodder	87 00
50 bundles rye straw	5 00
Farm implements	600 00
300 head cabbage	12 00
2 breeding sows	90 00
9 bbl apples at 2 50	22 50
200 lbs beef	40 00
2 bushel beans at 1 50	3 00
14 shoats	42 00 1920 4

PRODUCT RAISED ON FARM.

205 bushels wheat at 1.00	205 00
90 bushels rye at .75	19 50
150 bushels potatoes at .50	90 00
350 bushels oats at .50	175 00
1185 bushels corn ears at .37½	444 37
3 bushel clover seed at 6.00	18 00
2266 lbs. pork and lard at .09	203 74
1½ bushels timothy seed	4 50
960 head cabbage at .04	36 00
2½ bushels beans at 1.50	3 75
450 lbs beef at .10	45 00
6 bbl cider at 2.00	12 00
10 bbl appies at 2.50	25 00
6 bushels turnips at .20	1 80
4 bunels beets at .20	0 80
5 bushels onions at 1.50	7 50
20 tons hay at 14.00	280 00
60 bundles rye straw at .70	12 00
2550 sheaves corn fodder	102 50
3 calves at 10.00	30 00
459 lbs butter at .25	114 75
200 dozen eggs at .20	56 00
68 chickens at .20	13 60
14 shoats	42 00 2010 21
No paupers remaining last report	8
No. admitted during the year	11
	—19
No. paupers removed	1
" " left	5
" " died	2
	—8
" " remaining Jan 8 '83	11

CALEB BARTON,
REECE FAIRMAN,
} Directors.

1883.

Harper's Bazar.

ILLUSTRATED.

This popular journal is a rare combination of literature art and fashion. Its stories, poems and essays are by the best writers of Europe and America; its engravings possess the highest artistic excellence; and in all matters pertaining to fashion it is universally acknowledged to be the leading authority in the land. The new volume will contain many brilliant novelties.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS

PER YEAR:

HARPER'S BAZAR	$4 00
FAR-ER'S MAGAZINE	4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY	4 00
The THREE above publications	10 00
Any TWO, above named	7 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	1 50
HARPER'S MAGAZINE }	5 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE }	
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY, One Year (52 Numbers)	10 00

Postage free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The Volumes of the BAZAR commence with the year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the number next after the receipt of his order.

The last Four Annual Volumes of HARPER'S BAZAR, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume,) for $7.00 each.

Cloth cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1.00 each.

Remittance should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & Brothers.

Address, HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

Jan. 19, '83.

THE WEEKLY STAR,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Established Thirty - Two Years.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

A DOUBLE PAPER OF FIFTY-SIX COLUMNS.

THE WEEKLY STAR is a large, independent, double or eight-page sheet of fifty-six columns. It contains reports of Congress and all the Government Departments, U. S. Courts, Washington News and Gossip, Political, Personal, Society, and Local Affairs, New York Correspondence, Stories, Sketches, Home Articles, Fashion, Religious, and Literary Notes, Telegraph News, having its own direct wire to New York, the Markets, Etc., Etc.

It is published in a spacious building of its own, and printed on the latest and fastest printing and folding machines in the world.

ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR. TRY IT.

Address: THE WEEKLY STAR,
Washington, D. C.

Jan 19 '83-1y

ADMINISTRATRIX NOTICE.

ESTATE OF W. J. BUCKALEW, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of W. J. Buckalew, late of Bloomsburg Columbia county, Pa., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned administratrix. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administratrix without delay.

DORA BUCKALEW,
Jan. 5 '83-6w. Administratrix.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF THOMAS J. WILLIAMS, LATE OF BOROUGH OF CENTRALIA, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration in the estate of Thomas J. Williams, late of Centralia Borough Columbia county, Penn'a., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned administrator. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay.

LAFAYETTE FETTERMAN,
Centralia January 9, '83-6w. Administrator.

RULE ON HEIRS.

ESTATE OF THERESSA BAILOR, DECEASED, COLUMBIA COUNTY, SS:

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

To the following heirs of Theressa Bailor deceased. Daniel Bailor, a brother, residing in Cooper township Montour county, Pa. Eli Bailor, a brother, residing in said Cooper township. Peter Bailor, a brother, residing in Mahoning township in said Montour county, Pa. Jonathan Bailor, a brother, residing in said Cooper township. Samuel Bailor, a brother, residing at Howe Post-Office, in the state of Ohio. Elizabeth Heimbach, a sister, intermarried with Peter Heimbach, residing in said Montour township, Columbia county, Pa. The following sons and daughters of David Bailor, a deceased brother, viz: Albert Bailor a minor, who has William Sunday as his guardian, residing in said Mahoning township. Josiah Bailor a minor, Robert Bailor a minor and Jane Bailor a minor, who have for their guardian Jesse Ammerman, residing in said Cooper township. The following sons and daughters of John Bailor, a deceased brother, viz: Daniel E Bailor, residing in said Montour township. Isaiah Bailor residing in the same place. Hannah Fry, intermarried with Daniel Fry, residing in the same place. Elizabeth Wertman intermarried with Eli Wertman, residing in Northumberland county, Pa., and Noah Bailor and John Bailor, each residing at Howe Post-Office, in the state of Ohio. The following sons and daughters of Jacob C Bailor, a deceased brother, viz: Leander Bailor, John Bailor, Daniel T. Bailor, Rachael M. Bailor and Mary M. Bailor, all residing in Indiana, in Indiana county, Pa., and the following son and daughters of Sarah Heimbach, a deceased sister, viz: Adam Heimbach, residing at New Clark City, Wisconsin. Elizabeth Betz intermarried with David Betz, residing at Pottsgrove, Northumberland county, Pa., and Emeline Irvine intermarried with James Erwine, residing at Milton, in said Northumberland county, and all descendants of Theressa Bailor deceased, and to all other persons interested, Greeting: You and each of you are hereby cited to be and appear before the Judges of our Orphans' Court at an Orphans' Court to be held at Bloomsburg on the First Monday of February next then and there to accept or refuse to take the real estate of said Theressa Bailor deceased at the appraised valuation put upon it by the inquest, duly awarded by the said Court, and returned by the Sheriff, or show cause why it shall not be sold. And hereof fail not.

U. H. ENT,
Sheriff.

jan 5

EPISCOPAL BURIAL GROUND.

TO ALL PERSONS WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

Notice is hereby given that the Court of Quarter Session of the county of Columbia, on the 6th day of October, 1882, made a decree, declaring the said burial ground a public nuisance, and ordered the dead there buried to be removed therefrom to Rosemont Cemetery in said town by the first day of April, 1883 by the President and Town Council of the town of Bloomsburg. And said Court did also direct, order and direct

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

FRIDAY, JANUARY 19, 1883.

Correct Railroad Time Table.

Trains on the Philadelphia & R. R. leave Rupert as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
6 18 a. m.	11 45 a. m.
4 06 p. m.	6 45 p. m.

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7 38 a. m.	8 25 a. m.
10 58 a. m.	11 45 a. m.
6 51 p. m.	4 37 p. m.

The 11 45 train south connects with the Philadelphia & Reading at Rupert, and with the Northern Central at Northumberland.

The 8:25 a. m. train connects at Northumberland with 9:35 train on Pennsylvania road reaching Philadelphia at 3:00 p. m.

The 11:4[illegible] train connects with Philadelphia and Reading road at Rupert at 11:50 reaching Philadelphia at 6:00 p. m.

The 11:45 train connects with Pennsylvania road at Northumberland at 1:45 reaching Philadelphia at 7:35 p. m.

The 4:37 p. m. train connects with Pennsylvania road at Northumberland at 8:05 p. m. and reaches Philadelphia at 2:55 a. m.

It is our custom to give our books a thorough overhauling on the first of the year. In accordance with this rule, bills have been made out for every person who owes for a year or more up to January 1st, 1883. These bills have been sent out in sealed envelopes with a three cent stamp on each one, because we have found by experience that bills sent in the papers receive little or no attention. A list of all those to whom bills are sent, is kept, and those who do not respond are marked down as "slow pay." In putting the price of the paper at $1.50 a year in advance, we hoped to secure prompt payments, and thus save the postage, printing and time expended in looking after non-paying subscribers. On some delinquents as much as fifteen cents' postage has already been expended without any result, besides the cost of envelopes and printed circulars. To such, we cannot send the paper for two or three years, and then accept the low rate, the same as if paid in advance. All bills sent out, when more than one year is due, have been made $2.00 a year, and this will be insisted on, except where the following condition is complied with:

All those who pay in full to January 1st, 1884, can settle at the rate of $1.50 a year, provided they pay before February 1st, 1883.

We have extended the time one month, because it is cheaper to do so, than to travel over the county trying to collect. Those who reject this liberal offer will *positively* be charged $2.00 a year, and those who owe for several years will have their papers stopped and the amounts placed for collection. We are obliged to say so much because there are hundreds of dollars due us that we badly need to pay our bills and make further improvements in our office. "Business is business," and it is impossible to run our establishment on promises and open book accounts.

We know our prompt paying patrons will pardon us for occupying so much space on this subject, as it is not often that we print duns in the paper, but necessity compels it now.

Personal.

John A. Gorman Esq., of Hazleton was in town on Monday last.

W. H. Rhawn Esq., of Catawissa, was in attendance upon court last Saturday.

Mr. George Bertsch, of Mauch Chunk, paid his friends in Bloomsburg a visit the latter part of last week.

Miss May Wells has been unable to attend to her school duties at Catawissa for some days owing to illness.

Mrs. Morris Shipley is visiting her parents—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Neal—Mr. Shipley is in New York but expects to be here soon.

Miss M. C. McKelvy, returned last Friday from Philadelphia, Bridgeport, Bethlehem, and other places where she has been visiting for several weeks.

Mr. A. A. Zaner of Audobon, Iowa, who is visiting relatives and friends in Columbia county, paid us a friendly visit. Mr. Zaner has hosts of friends who will be very glad to see him.

Mr. Wm. Goodman of Centralia paid us a pleasant visit on Wednesday. He reports pretty good times in Centralia, all collieries running three-fourth's time except one, the Continental, which runs full time.

Among the Columbia county people who attended the Inauguration at Harrisburg on Tuesday were G. W. Sterner, of Bloomsburg, W. B. Snyder, of Roaringcreek, Mr. Forsythe of Espy, and J. C. Yocum Esq. of Catawissa.

Mrs. F. Merceron died at Catawissa on January 8th.

There will be a sale of single and double carriage harness at S. H. Hagenbuch's, January 23.

Throwing red pepper down the register of a church will force the wickedest congregation to its sneeze.

Mr. J. K. Sharpless of Catawissa has been dangerously ill for some days; we understand that he is recovering.

The man who stops his paper to economize ought to cut his nose off to keep from buying handkerchiefs. — *Louisville Straws.*

Bellefonte has organized a board of trade, with General Beaver as President; J. D. Shugart, Treasurer; J. Howard Lingle, Secretary.

McKillip & Choate,
Photographers,
H. J. Clark's building.
jan 19-3w

A thief who robbed a contribution box the other day has repented. He is now obliged to carry around with him several pounds of punched coins which no one will take.

The mite society of the Lutheran Church, went to H. C. Kelchner's in Light Street on Tuesday evening last, taking advantage of the fine sleighing. There were seven sled loads.

Messrs. M'Killip & Choate of Carlisle have purchased the photograph gallery of C. C. Wirt in the H. J. Clark building where they will continue the business in the latest styles of the art.

The hills of lofty endeavor and high achievement lie all around us.—*Rochester Express.* And so do some of our brethren of the press when they get on the subject of their circulation.—*Texas Siftings.*

The United States mail-bag was stolen at Susquehanna the other day. The next morning a red handkerchief, containing checks to the amount of several thousand dollars, was found near the depot.

Do'st thou love life?—Then do not squander valuable time,—for that is the stuff life is made of;—but procure at once a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup for your Cough and be cured. Your druggist keeps it.

Sunday evenings find the "gang" still about, trying to look respectable people out of countenance. The corners of Main and Iron streets seem to be a favorite haunt for loafers. The nuisance should be abated.

Two more trains have been placed on the N & W. B. Railroad. We have not learned the exact schedule for Bloom Ferry station, but it is nearly as follows: North 7.40 a. m. 6.30 p. m., south, 12, m., 7 p. m.

H. R. Albertson of Greenwood township hereby announces his name as a candidate for a director of Bloom Floor District.

Jan. 19, '83-4w*.

Ex-county commissioner John Herner died on Friday last, after a long illness, and was buried at Numidia on Tuesday. Mr. Herner was a prominent man in his community, and was well known throughout the county, having been commissioner for two terms. His age was about sixty-five years.

The etymology of "masher" is traced to the eminently respectable Beaumont and Fletcher, one of whose plays has the phrase "Mashed in love," where the word is explained in a foot-note to be an old form of "Meshed."

A Mississippi jury awarded $2000 damages to a young lady whom a railway conductor had forgotten to put off at the station where she wished to alight. She was carried only two hundred yards beyond her destination.

George Kline, son of Jonas Kline, formerly of Benton township, but now living in Bloomsburg, died at his father's residence on South Main street, January 14th, at 12 o'clock m., in the sixteenth year or his age.

Mrs. Matilda Johnson Montgomery Ralston, relict of James Ralston, deceased, passed from this life on Sunday last, about 9 a. m. Mrs. Ralston was a member of the M. E. Church. She was about 68 years of age at the time of her death.

Wm. Rupert, who has been lying between life and death for some time, died last Sunday night about eleven o'clock. He had been employed as messenger and night watchman for the First National Bank, continuously since March 7th, 1864.

The project to annex the lower portion of Luzerne to Carbon County, seems to meet with the approval of the inhabitants of Lower Luzerne. They say all business connected with the Courts can be attended to more speedily and at less cost than under the present arrangement.

A barrel of flour weighs one hundred and ninety-six pound; a barrel of pork two hundred; a firkin of butter fifty-six; wheat, beans and clover seed sixty pounds to the bushel; corn, rye and flax seed fifty-six; buckwheat fifty-two; a barrel of rice six hundred; barley forty-eight; oats thirty-two; coarse salt eighty-five.

A gentleman who called in last week to pay his subscription for another year in advance, said, "I have taken this paper for thirty one years, and we can't get along without it. It is the best paper in the county, and grows better every year." Thanks for the compliment. Such encouragement is grateful to the editorial heart.

The destruction of the Planter's Hotel at St. Louis by fire Monday morning is another warning to the proprietors of public houses. A hotel which cannot afford to guard against fire has no reason for existence. The loss of life by this last conflagration was comparatively small, but that fact does not detract from the solemnity of the lesson it imparts.

Governor Butler recommends in his message a law making plots to derail a train punishable by death. The one objection to such extreme penalties is that juries refuse to convict. A penalty of fifteen or twenty years' imprisonment, which, on the average, lasts longer than a life sentence, would prove more effectual in preventing these crimes.

The people of Catawissa are exercised for fear a free bridge will be erected at Bloomsburg, and a notice has been published asking all persons who are opposed to a free bridge, to meet here on the 22nd inst. when the viewers appointed to view the ground will consider the matter. Just to make it lively, how would it do for all those who favor the bridge to meet at the some time!

Quite a fire-wave has struck the country. Not a day passes but we read of some more or less damaging fire by which many human beings are either killed or frightfully injured. A terrible holocaust is recorded by wire from St. Petersburg, on the 14th inst., whereby one hundred and fifty persons were burned while attending a circus at Berdischeff in Russian Poland.

From the statement of the valuation of personal property of this county as published, it appears there are 2918 dogs. This is enough for all practical purposes. Dogs appear to be much more numerous than watches, as only 81 of the latter have been found worth assessing. In Bloomsburg there are only 20 watches worth $20 and upwards, according to the assessors' return.

One of our exchanges relates the following incident: "A Constable made a return on the back of a paper, thus: "I executed this subpœny by trying to read it to John Smith, but he was drivin' cattle on horse back, and run faster than I could, and kept up such a hollerin' I don't know whether he heard or not, this is the best I could do and I don't know wether the subpœny is served according to law or not."

In 1883 there will be four eclipses, two of the sun and two of the moon. On April 22, there will be a partial eclipse of the moon, which will be visible on the Pacific coast. The next eclipse will be that of the sun on May 6; it will not be visible in this country. The third is that of the moon on October 16, and can be seen all over the United States. The last is that of the sun and occurs on October 30, and will only be partial on the Pacific coast.

FOR SALE.—A farm of about 80 acres in Scott township, adjoining Elias Krum.

Also, a house and lot in Wedgetown, Hemlock township, recently occupied by Simon Webber.

Also, a tract of land of about 20 acres in Hemlock, adjoining Willam Ivey.

These properties now belong to the estate of Caleb Barton, deceased. Reasonable terms will be given. Apply to I. W. McKelvy or Geo. E. Elwell, Bloomsburg, Pa.

jan. 12, tf.

The first lecture of the course was delivered by Rev. Dr. Eccleston of New York on Thursday evening, the 11th inst. The Opera House was well filled and the audience listened very attentively to the interesting discourse. As the subject was an old and familiar one, the "War of Independence," the speaker began by saying that he did not expect to say anything new, but simply to recall some facts which his hearers had forgotten. He gave a vivid description of the trials and struggles of our forefathers, and accompanied it with excellent illustrations on canvass, by means of the oxy-hyd light. We understand that Rev. Joseph Cook, the celebrated Boston lecturer, has been engaged by the committee.

Now that the holidays are gone, the hard work done, and plenty of leisure on hand, the gentle parent has time to visit the public school and see how the children are doing and how the teacher is exerting himself. An incalculable amount of good can be done in this way. A call at the school by the parent not only incites the teacher to renewed efforts for the better advancement of his or her pupils, but shows the pupils that they are being kept under the loving eyes of their parents and a feeling of pride is sown in their breast and they work with renewed energy, and a very perceptible change comes over all; the parent, the teacher and the scholar seem to be bound by a closer and warmer tie and feel much better for it.

"The State Normal Schools will doubtless be constrained to present their condition and their claims to the Legislature. Some of them are badly involved in debt, and others, which have contracted no serious indebtedness, are without adequate equipment. These schools are an important and valuable part of the educational work of the State. During the past four years the appropriations to these schools, by the State, have been distributed to them on the apparent equity of each case. The payments thus made have not been absolute, but for their amounts, liens have been taken, in favor of the State, against the property of the schools. I think this policy should be continued until all the schools are relieved of any indebtedness, not improvidently contracted, and their equipment fairly equalized. In that event, these normal schools should be brought, to a greater extent, under the control of the State. Thereafter they should be self-sustaining, and not expect that the State should come to their aid, indefinitely."—*Extract from Gov. Hoyt's Message.*

THE LEAD MINES.—The work on the two drifts has been prosecuted with great vigor for the last two days. Good indications of quartz containing oxydes of lead have been reached, although but ten feet of drift has been excavated. The pitch of the vein by a miner's level, is about 33½ degrees. A mathematical calculation has been made as to the number of feet the tunnel will have to be driven to reach the vein, and it is expected to reach them at 40½ feet. As soon as the main veins are reached breasts will be opened at once. The latest modern appliances will be used for mining, and no method left untried to secure those interested in the enterprise the greatest possible money return. The lead mines below Sunbury are part of the mineral belt of which outcroppings are found at many places in Snyder, Mifflin, Clearfield, Huntingdon and Columbia counties, and is from sixty to eighty miles in width. The south dip crops out below Sunbury, saddling over and dipping south and is pinched off by the coal measures. On the north dip the veins go under the river and form a basin between Sunbury and Northumberland, coming up again above Bloomsburg, near Espytown, in Columbia county, forming an immense basin of ore that would take a century to mine. Outcroppings have been found near Seven Points, five miles east of the Sunbury mine, proving that there are continuous veins of mineral running east of the Sunbury mines. The opening of these mines will not only be a great enterprise but will be the means of developing all the surrounding mines.—*Sunbury Daily.*

An Ice Bridge Over a Mile in Length.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Jan, 15.—The largest and most perfect ice bridge that ever bridged the chasm below the falls formed last night. It is over a mile in length, and will probably remain during the rest of the winter.

Correction.

The address "Our Profession" as published in the minutes of Columbia County Teachers' Institute, should have been credited to Prof. Francis Heck of Grange school, Centre township, instead of Mr. J. T. Bevan of Berwick.

Northumberland Waking Up.

The ancient town of Northumberland is "catching on" to the progressive spirit of the nineteenth century, and is just now experiencing an industrial boom. A new nail factory on an extensive scale, a woolen mill, and a factory for the purpose of making agricultural implements will shortly appear among the industries of the place, and those who have been holding real estate for the last half century in hope of an advance are now selling their lots at fancy prices. It was thought that nothing short of an earthquake would stir up Northumberland, but this was a mistaken notion, judging by the enterprise that has just appeared there. It is a pleasure to know that the prospects of the venerable town are so promising, and we congratulate its citizens on the out look.—*Sunbury Democrat.*

Orangeville Notes.

Real estate is apparently advancing in value, especially all that which fronts on Main street. This fact is clearly demonstrated by the recent purchase of two lots by S. H. Hagenbuch, one fronting on Main and the other on Mill street for a consideration of one thousand dollars. Several properties have changed hands recently, one from Wm. DeLong to T. W. Conner, one from Silas Conner to Mr. Heckman and one from M. S. Hayhurst to S. A. Sharpless.

Sleighing has been good for the past week and this alone is a stimulus which brings people in from the country, and causes our merchants and hotel keepers to smile a knowing smile which tells of their prosperity.

Unangst, the genial proprietor of the Centennial Hotel is going to live a retired life, at least quit the hotel business. Your correspondant is not informed as to where he is going. By the way, last Friday evening a party of twenty two members of the Gen. U. H. Ent Post from Bloomsburg met a few other members of the Post at Unangst's Hotel where a sociable time was had. Patriotic and sentimental war songs were rendered with nearly as much vigor as during the late unpleasantness. At 11 o'clock p. m. a bountiful repast of oysters was served and before 12 the party were on their way to Bloomsburg. Come again, gentlemen.

T. W. Conner recently a resident of Bloomsburg has built a large and commodious store house on Main street where he is prepared to supply the wants of the most fastidious in the way of furniture. Tom is enterprising and we bespeak for him success.

Messrs. Snyder and Fleckenstine's ponies of which a correspondant in the Catawissa *News Item* made so much fun, cannot be bought for $100 each. I notice they drive splendidly and at a good rate of speed. They are youn and consequently improving and steadily enhancing in value.

The Band which is in a prosperous condition have moved in the spacious room over Conner's furniture store where they practice three evenings in each week under the direction of A. M. Hughes. A band is certainly indispensable to a live town.

WANTED.—By Z. T. Fowler of Willow Grove, Pa., 50,000 bushels of wheat at $1. per bushel. Jan. 19, '83-4w.

Mifflin Items.

It is pleasing to see how our farmers make use of the sleighing.

George Shuman, an old resident of this place, died on Saturday evening 6th inst. He was as well as usual in the forenoon, was up town and did the work about the barn. He was taken ill at the dinner table complaining of severe pain in his head. He arose from his chair and lay down on the floor, was placed on a bed and the doctor being called in he became better during the afternoon but about five o'clock he became worse and died soon after seven. He was about seventy-seven years old. Always a regular attendant at church, was at the usual service for the last time on Sunday before, being the last day of the old year. His remains were buried on Tuesday.

A protracted meeting has been in progress at the M. E. Church for some time. The attendance is good.

Geo. Swank bade adieu to his many frends of this place and started on a trip to Florida on the 5th inst. He sailed on Saturday 6th, on the steamer "City of Macon," from Philadelphia for Savannah, Ga., and arrived at Jacksonville, Fla., on the 10th inst.

Rev. Feggly of Lewisburg preached in the Lutheran church on Sunday.

Mrs. Sallie Brown, who lived in this township for many years, died in Centre township on Friday last. She moved with her husband to this place from New Jersey many years ago. After her husband's death she lived with her son-in-law, S. H. Swank. She died at the age of ninety-seven years within a few days. She was favored with unusual health; at the age of 94 she had never taken any medicine. Had seen but very few sick days since. She was always able to work. Last September she suggested to her great grand-daughter a walk to Nescopeck from Mifflin, which would not have been unusual for her to do. She has several great grand-children one of which is married. Not many people like Mrs. Brown have the pleasure of being invited to the wedding of their great grand-child. Her remains were interred at the Mifflin cemetery on Sunday.

Our friends P. and S. Slusser of Hazleton visited friends at this place on Saturday and Sunday.

John Wells Hollenback of Wilkes-barre, last week presented $50,000 to Lafayette College to endow the chair of President; a similar gift was made by him to the College a few years ago.

James Reilly has sold his residence on Third street to the Roman Catholic congregation. The deed was executed on Saturday to Bishop Shanahan, in trust for the congregation. The house will be taken possession of on the first of April, by Father O'Reilly, the parish priest.

Court Proceedings.

Bloomsburg, January 13th, 1883.

Court met pursuant to adjournment. His Honor William Elwell President Judge and James Lake and F. L. Shuman associates on the bench.

Estate of A. P. Evans on petition correct amendment allowed.

In Wm. Webb estate on petition, partition allowed.

T. H. Edgar vs. H. B. Low, on affidavit rule granted to show cause why appeal by defendant shall not be stricken off.

In re acknowledgement of deed of John Beisel guardian of minor children of Franklin Heisler deceased, &c., filed.

Elijah Summers estate. Petition of Jos. Summers for citation on administrator to file an account.

On petition citation awarded to file account in estate of Absolom McHenry.

Swissfort & Bechtal vs. Jos. H. Johnson rule on Sheriff Hoffman to return writ filed.

W. Torrey vs. D. Morris rule granted to show cause why judgment shall not be opened.

Martin Kelly vs. Peter Clemons et al., rule to set aside the service of summons made absolute.

Edgar vs. Thompson opinion filed.

Commonwealth vs. D. Hollingshead, writ of certiorari quashed.

Jane Herron et al. vs. Joshua Fetterman et al. petition of C. G. Murphy for substitution to the rights of defendants filed.

Anna E. Eck estate, account amended by consent of counsel and confirmed and audit on exception withdrawn.

C. S. Books vs. borough of Danville struck jury allowed

Chas. B. Brisben vs. P. and T. Collins petition to open judgment filed and rule to show cause granted.

County statement filed in open Court.

On petition of Mrs. D. Petrikin citation awarded for executor of David Petrikin deceased to file account.

Catharine Bachart estate petition for performance of contract. Decree filed.

McAlarney vs. Wolverton, motion for order on receiver to pay taxes for 1882, filed. Decree filed directing the receiver to pay taxes assessed for 1882 by the receiver and same to be paid out of the fund in hands of receiver.

Jackson vs. Booth, et al., amendment filed by leave of court.

JANUARY 15, 1883

Court met pursuant to adjournment, at 2 p. m. Hon. Wm. Elwell President Judge and F. L. Shuman associate on the bench.

Petition of Fishingcreek supervisors for special taxes. Court refused the same.

Road in Locust township near Bear Gap, referred back to viewers. Opinion filed.

Isaac Weekly estate vs. Daniel B. Frederick. Opinion of Court filed and rule to show cause why judgment shall not be entered for want of sufficient affidavit, &c., discharged.

Jacob Smith vs. Ruth Ann Smith. Divorce decreed and libelant to pay cost. Opinion filed.

Deeds Recorded.

The following deeds have been recorded since those last published:

F. L. Shuman and wife to Paris Shuman, Beaver.

Isaac E. Yost to Joseph Ruckle, Bloom.

C. B. Brockway and wife to Mary C. Honabach, Conyngham.

Wm. Fritz and wife to John Fritz, Beaver.

Jacob Lynn and wife to John Haring, Beaver.

Caroline Mann to Daniel Miller, Beaver.

Jonathan Bachman and wife to Frank Jones, Bloom.

Samuel Fritz to Aaron R. Fritz, Sugarloaf.

James B. Kuhn to Melvina Conner, Bloom.

T. W. Conner and wife to Emeline S. Soper, Bloom.

Elizabeth W. Wyncoop and husband to James Barton, Bloom.

Geo. W. Kressler administrator to Rutter Kressler, Scott.

Lloyd Paxton to W. M. Monroe, Montour.

Edward Strausser and wife to Jacob Billman, Locust.

Wm. Jerrard and wife to Wilbert B. Williams, Berwick.

F. L. Shuman and wife to Hamilton F. Clark, Catawissa.

Jackson & Woodin Mfg. Co. to Miles Martemy, Berwick.

Susanna Snyder to George Zimmerman, Bloom.

Horace Creasy and wife to Henry Nuss, Mifflin.

Cemetry Company to Geo. W. Kressler, administrator, Bloom.

Joseph D. Thompson and wife to Lemuel S. Rinard, Berwick.

Harvey Shuggars and wife to Charles Heiss, Catawissa.

Isaiah John and wife to J. D. Brown, Catawissa.

Geo. H. Willetts et al. deed of partition, Columbia county.

Michael Federolf and wife to George Weller, Montana.

I. W. McKelvy et al., executor, to Mary Dentler, Bloom.

Richard Thompson to Samuel Hawk; Berwick.

Jos. Breach and E. M. Tewksbury administrator to Sarah A. Breach, Catawissa.

Frease Fowler and wife to Jackson & Woodin Mfg. Co., Briarcreek.

Berwick Rolling Mill Co. to Jackson & Woodin Mfg. Co., Berwick.

M. W. Jackson to Jackson & Woodin Mfg. Co., Berwick.

Jackson & Woodin Mfg. Co. to Elizabeth Wells, Berwick.

Trustees of M. E. Church of Berwick to Jackson & Woodin Mfg. Co., Berwick.

Garrick Mallory administrator to Jackson & Woodin Mfg. Co., Berwick.

Wm. Weightman and wife to Robert Y. C. Walker, Conyngham.

Francis D. Sutliff administrator to Thos. B. Fritz, Sugarloaf.

Richard Thompson et al. to Chester A. Harman, Berwick.

Elizabeth Millard to William H. Ellis, Catawissa.

Wm. Brumbach and wife to William H. Ellis, Catawissa.

John W. Smith and wife to Conrad Kramer, Madison.

Wm. Ritter and wife to Peter S. Harman et al., Bloom.

Jesse B. Young et al. to Mary B. Glenn, Berwick.

Joshua Fetterman et al. administrators to Franklin P. Grover, Main.

Clinton W. Neal and wife to J. J. Hagenbuch, Bloom.

Lloyd Shuman and wife to John Jamison, Catawissa.

James Belford et al. to James W. Adams et al., Briarcreek.

John Eggert and wife to Theodore F. Berger, Berwick.

Thomas Trench to Jacob H. Maize et al., Scott.

Elisha Hayman and wife to Elijah G. Ricketts, Orange.

Peter Hayman and wife to Elijah G. Ricketts, Orange.

Jacob Fritzgerald administrator to Perry D. Black, Greenwood.

Patent, commonwealth to Sarah E. Kisner, Pine.

James Reilly to Right Rev. J. F. Shannahan trustee, Bloom.

Benjamin Stine and wife to Elizabeth Yohe, Centre.

Daniel Thomas to Peter Thomas, Fishingcreek.

The great superiority of DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP over all other cough remedies is attested by the immense popular demand for that old established remedy.

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

For the Cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption and for the relief of consumptive persons in advanced stages of the Disease. For Sale by all Druggists.—Price, 25 cents.

MARRIAGES

MCHENRY—PEALER—On the evening of December 30th, 1882, at the house of the officiating minister, D. M. Kinter, Mr. AARON W. MCHENRY of Benton, to Miss Alice Pealer of Fishingcreek.

KARSCHNER—GORDNER.—At the Evangelical parsonage, Waller, Columbia county, Pa., on January 11th, 1883, by the Rev. B. F. Keller, Mr. B. F. Karschner, to Miss Mary C. Gordner, both of Pine township, Columbia county, Pa.

LOCAL NOTICES.

C. C. Marr sells the Best Burning Oil at 15cts.

I. W. Hartman & Son's 5 and 10 cent table filled up only with tinware.

99999 Pounds Good Pork.
9999 Good Live Calves.
999 Good Live Shoats, in weight: 30, 35, 40, 50 to 60 pounds.
99 Good Young Beeves,
999 Bushels Good Cloverseed.
9999 Bushels Good Potatoes.
99999 Pounds Dried Apples.
99999 Pounds Dried Raspberries, pitted cherries and lard.

All of the above wanted at Light Street by Silas Young.

Dec. 22-3m

A great change has taken place in I. W. Hartman & Son's store. Since the holidays muslins, calicoes, dress goods, linens, crash, towels and conterpains in the place of books, &c.

C. C. Marr pays 32 cents for Butter, 25cts for Eggs, 15cts for Lard, 10cts for Chickens, 50cts for Potatoes, 50cts for Oats, 75cts for Corn, 10cts for Pork, 8to 10 for Beef and sells goods cheap.

Several boxes of muslins, calicoes, notions, table linens, &c., &c., in this week at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

Now is the time to buy Shawls at cost at C. C. Marr's.

Poor butter no demand at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

C. C. Marr buys Veal and Hops.

Fresh butter always in demand at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

Go to C. C. Marr's for Sugar, Coffees, Teas, Syrups, and N. O. Molasses very cheap.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

AN OLD MAN'S BELIEF.

Have used Parker's Ginger Tonic for my bad cough and hemorrhage I had twenty-five years. I fell like another man since I used it. Am 66 years past. Believe it sure to cure younger persons. A. Orner, Highspire, Pa.

A SHORT ROAD TO HEALTH.

To all who are suffering from boils, ulcers, scrofula, carbuncles, or other obstinate diseases of the blood and skin, a course of Burdock Blood Bitters will be found to be a *short road to health.* Price $1.00.

HOPE FOR DRUNKARDS.

My husband had drunken habits he could not overcome until Parker's Ginger Tonic took away his thirst for stimulants, restored his energy of mind and gave him strength to attend to business.—Cincinnatti Lady.

REDS OF DOWN FEEL HARD.

All beds seem hard to the rheumatic. Then harken ye pevish sufferers! Apply Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil to your aching joints and muscles. Rely upon it that you will experience speedy relief. Such, at least, is the testimony of those who have used it. The remedy is likewise successfully resorted to for throat and lung diseases, sprains, bruises, etc.

OH, WHAT A COUGH!

Will you heed the warning. The signal perhaps of the sure approach of that more terrible disease Consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving 50 cts., to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will cure your Cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a Million bottles were sold the past year. It relieves Croup, and Whooping Cough, at once. Mothers do not be without it. For lame back, side, or chest, use Shiloh's Porus Plaster. Sold by J. H. Kinports.

may 12-eow.

*Dr. S. B. Brittan says: As a rule physicians do not, by their professional methods build up the female constitution, while they seldom cure the diseases to which it is always liable in our variable climate and under our imperfect civilization. Special remedies are often required to restore organic harmony and strengthen the enfeebled powers of womanhood; and for most of these we are indebted to persons outside of the medical profession. Among the very best of these remedies I assign a prominent place to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

"BUCHUPAIBA."

Quick, complete cure, all annoying Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases. $1. Druggists.

Dresses, cloaks, coats, stockings and all garments can be colored successfully with the Diamond Dyes. Fashionable colors. Only 10 cents.

We have a speedy and positive cure for catarrh, diptheria, canker mouth and headache in Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. A nasal injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and sweet breath. Price 50 cents. Sold by J. H. Kinports.

may 12-eow.

SKINNY MEN.

"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, Impotence sexual Debility.

GREAT OIL BOOM.

E. Balch, Elgin, Ill., writes: "That after trying dozens of patent liniments, without relief, for a rheumatic and stiff knee, I feel I have struck oil at last," for after using three bottles of Thomas' Eclectric Oil, I am prepared to say it is the best application I have ever used."

WHEN LADIES ARE ATTRACTIVE.

All ladies know their faces are most attractive when free from pimples. Parker's Ginger Tonic is popular among them because it banishes impurities from blood and skin and kes the face glow with health.

*"There is no arguing a coward into courage." But even the coward may be brave after trying Kidney Wort, that medicine of wonderful efficacy in all diseases of the liver and kidneys. It is prepared in both dry and liquid form and can always be relied on as an effective cathartic and diuretic. Try it.

DYSPEPSIA AND LIVER COMPLAINT.

Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints, if you think so call at our store and get a bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer, every bottle has a printed guarantee on it, use accordingly and if it does you no good it will cost you nothing. Sold by J. H. Kinports.

may 12-eow.

As a true and efficient tonic, and one that excels all other iron medicines, take Brown's Iron Bitters.

"ROUGH ON RATS."

Clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed-bugs, skunks, chipmunks, gophers. 15c. Druggists.

—See a woman in another column, near Speer's Vineyards, picking grapes from which Speer's Port Grape Wine is made, that is so highly esteemed by the medical profession, for the use of invalids, weakly persons and the aged.

Sold by Druggists. sept 22-1y

A PHYSICIAN'S PICNIC.

Mr. Alfred Speer, who was the first to introduce the cultivation of the Oporto Grape in this section of the country had a visit from a number of New York Physicians to inspect his vineyard and warehouses at Passaic, N. J., recently. About sixty doctors took the excursion train over the Erie Railway, and after a half hour's pleasant ride arrived at Passaic. The vineyards are about fifty acres in extent and just outside the town. Here the visitors found both the small dark Portugese and the native Concord in abundance.

Among those present were Dr. E. H. Janes, of the Board of Health; Dr. Alex. B. Mott, of the Bellevue Hospital Medical College; Dr. William H. Haynes, of the Presbyterian Hospital; Dr. Prankard, Dr. Powell, Dr. Chapin, Dr. Williams and Dr. Gardner of Jersey City. Speeches were made by Dr. Janes, Dr. Mott, Dr. Haynes and others commendtory of Mr. Speer's wines and vineyards.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Hon. WILLIAM ELWELL President Judge of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and the Court of Common Pleas and Orphans' Court in the 26th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Columbia and Montour, and the Hons. James Lake and F. L. Shuman, Associate Judges of Columbia county, have issued their precept, bearing date the 9th day of Dec in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Court of Common Pleas and Orphans' Court, in Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, on the first Monday, being the 5th day of February next, to continue for two weeks.

Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, to the Justices of the Peace, and the Constables of the said County of Columbia, that they be then and there in their proper person at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said 5th day of Feb. with their records inquisitions and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those that are bound by recognizance to prosecute against the prisoners that are or may be in the jail of the said county of Columbia, to be then and there to prosecute them as shall be just. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance, agreeably to their notices. Dated at Bloomsburg the 3rd day of Jan. in the year of our (L. S.) Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two and in the one hundred and seventh year of the Independence of the United States of America.

Sheriff's Office, JOHN MOUREY,
Bloomsburg, Jan 5—tc Sheriff.

WIDOWS' APPRAISEMENTS.

The following Widows' Appraisements will be presented to Court on the first Monday of February, 1883, and confirmed nisi, and unless exceptions be filed within four days thereafter will be confirmed absolutely:

1. Aten Thomas estate, deceased, of Mifflin. Personalty, $500.00.
2. Ent Robert S., estate, deceased, of Berwick. Personalty, $2[illegible].77.
3. Chester C. H., estate, deceased, of Scott. Personalty, $300.00.
4. Deyring Leonard, estate, deceased, of Locust. Personalty, $33.25.
5. Jamison J. R., estate, deceased, of Main. Personalty, $100.86.
6. Ritter John, estate, deceased, of Catawissa. Personalty, $300.00.
7. Williams Thomas T., estate, deceased, of Centralia. Realty, $150.00.

WM. KRICKBAUM,
Jan. 12, '83. Clerk O. C.

Peter Henderson & Co's
COLLECTION OF SEEDS AND PLANTS
Embraces every desirable novelty of the season, fully described in their MANUAL of EVERYTHING for the GARDEN
which for 1883, contains PETER HENDERSON'S "Revised Instructions on Vegetable and Flower Culture," making it a condensed Gardening Book, having all the latest information known to the author of "Gardening for Profit." Mailed free on application. Please state in what paper you saw this.
Peter Henderson & Co.,
35 & 37 Cortlandt St., New York.
Jan 19-4w eow ald

HENDERSHOTT'S PHARMACY

Our stock of Holiday Goods are now being opened and consist of all the latest and choicest designs to be found, and we cordially invite you to call and examine our Celluloid Toilet cases, Florence Toilet cases, Diatite Toilet cases, fine color cases, gentlemen's traveling cases, fine perfume cases, fine mirrors, hand glasses, cloth, hair, tooth and nail brushes, silver fruit knives, children's knives, forks and spoons, nut picks, shell and pearl pocket knives, cigar cases of the very finest quality, portmonies, coin bags in great variety and at all prices, fine spectacles, eye, reading and colored glasses from 25 cents up. Fine perfumes from all the celebrated makers: "Lily of the Valley," white lilac, azalia, tube rose, Mary Stewart, gloriosa, wild olive and many others. Toilet soap, cut, decorated and plain toilet bottles very cheap.

We have the cheapest nickle library lamps ever offered, also very fine brass and nickle plated library, hand, stand, student and bracket lamps very cheap—don't fail to see ours before purchasing. New goods constantly arriving.

For the next thirty days we purpose closing out the remaining stock of the Central Tea Store. We have yet about 500 pounds of tea and a small stock of other grocery goods which will be sold low to close them out, regardless of cost. Call soon for bargains.

N. J. Hendershott.

EVERY LADY
SHOULD SUBSCRIBE FOR
Strawbridge & Clothier's
FASHION QUARTERLY.

EVERY NUMBER CONTAINS:
Nearly one thousand engravings, illustrating the new things in every department of fashion.

EVERY NUMBER CONTAINS:
Four pages of new music, in most cases original, either vocal or instrumental.

EVERY NUMBER CONTAINS:
The prices of all kinds of Dry Goods, together with descriptions and engravings to show what they look like.

EVERY NUMBER CONTAINS:
Valuable original articles, mostly illustrated, on subjects that treat of the adornment of the person, the beautifying of home, and the newest things in art needle work.

EVERY NUMBER CONTAINS:
Instructions how the distant consumer can shop as satisfactorily and as economically as residents of the city.

PRICE, 50 CENTS PER COPY.
SPECIMEN COPIES, 15 CENTS.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER,
Eight and Market Streets, Philadelphia.
Jan 5, '83-tf.

REGISTER'S NOTICES.

Notice is hereby given to all legatees, creditors and other persons interested in the estates of the respective decedents and minors, that the following administration, executor and guardian accounts have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county and will be presented for confirmation and allowance in the orphans' Court to be held in Bloomsburg, on Monday February 5, 1883, at 2 o'clock p. m. on said day.

1. The account of Ezra Stephens, administrator de bonis non of William Hess, late of Sugarloaf township, deceased.
2. The first and final account of Franklin Gable, administrator of Elizabeth Gable, late of Catawissa township, deceased.
3. The first account of Joseph Billig, Charles Billig, William Billig and Amandus Billig, executors of John Billig, late of Locust township.
4. The account of C. B

Cause for Apprehension.

WHY MYSTERIOUS PHYSICAL TROUBLES AROUSE SPECIAL DREAD—A PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE.

Few things give more pain than dread or apprehension. Most people are able to face apparent danger heroically, but the sudden and unexpected coming of some indefinite calamity very naturally strikes terror to even the bravest. For this reason lightning and tornadoes are considered terrible; their coming and going are so sudden, unannounced and unknown. For this same reason an unknown disease, some poison in the blood,some malady that is gradually undermining the life, is specially dreaded by all thinking people. And, indeed, there are good reasons for such dread, for modern science has discovered that some virulent disorders show the least signs in their beginnings, while they have the worst possible symptoms. We know of many persons who have dull and uncertain pains in various portions of the body; who are unnaturally tired one day and apparently well the next; who have an enormous appetite at times and a loathing of food soon thereafter. Such persons are really in a dangerous condition, even though they may not realize it. The following statement of a most prominent physician, who has had unusual opportunities for investigation is of so striking and important a nature that it will be read with interest by all:

ASSOCIATED CHARITIES OF CINCINNATI.

Board of Directors.

Joseph Aub, M. D., Julius Reis
Julius Balke, Jr., H A. Smith, M. D.
Mrs. M. F. Force, H. Miller,
Mrs. George Hunert, Rev. C. W. Wendte,
F. Lunkenheimer, Daniel Wolf,
J. B. Wilson.

Office: No. 27½ West Eighth Street,
O. Anderson, M. D., Superintendent.
Cincinnati, O., Dec., 2, 1882.

Messrs. Editors:

I have, during my professional career of many years' practice, treated a large number of various disorders, of which, perhaps, none have given me more trouble than the mysterious disease known as acute nephritis; and while it may seem strange, it is, nevertheless, true, that the physician is generally annoyed by this mysterious trouble, especially when the case is of hereditary origin. It is, doubtless, the first stage of the well known, but terrible Bright's disease, as the kidneys contain large quantities of albumen; and while children and young people are especially liable to its attacks, it is prevalent with all classes, and usually continues until late in life.

One obstinate case which came under my observation, was that of a fireman of this city who applied to me for treatment. The case was diagnosed parenchymatous nephritis. The man was twenty-four years of age; plethoric and light complected. He stated that he had suffered from urinary troubles from childhood, and that he had "doctored" a hundred times, each time improving some; after which, in a short while, he would relapse into his former state of misery. I prescribed the usual therapeutics known to the profession with same result that my colleagues had obtained. He got better for a while and then worse again; in fact, so bad that he had to lay off for some time. He suffered intense pain; so much so that I confess I had to resort to hypodermic injections of morphia. My druggist who knew how disgusted I was with the case, although not willing to desert the man, advised me to try a remedy from which he (the druggist) himself, had derived great benefit. As a drowning man catches at a straw, I prescribed this remedy, not letting my patient, however, know what I was giving him; and, although not a believer in nor a patron of "patent medicines," I must confess that after my fireman had taken one bottle he grew much better. I made him continue its use for a period of two months, with the most gratifying results; it really worked wonders and he owes his cure and present perfect health solely to the remarkable power of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, the remedy which I prescribed, and he used.

Since the recovery of the man above mentioned, I have given considerable thought to the subject of acute nephritis, or kidney difficulty, and I find that its manifestations are most remarkable. It often appears without any special symptoms of its own, or possibly as a sequel to some other disease. It may be a sequel to scarlatina, diphtheria and other illnesses, and even arise from pregnancy. The first symptoms frequently show themselves in the form of high, fierce and intense pains in the lumbar region, "the small of the back," troublesome micturitions and frequent changes in the color of the urine which at times diminishes perceptibly. If the urine is entirely suppressed, the case, probably, will terminate fatally in a very few days. Dropsy is a consequence of the suppression of urine, and the severeness of it is governed by the proportion of retention. The nervous system becomes prostrated with subsequent convulsions and irregular circulation of the blood, which, in my estimation eventually might cause a diseased heart to give out. As I have remarked, in many kidney diseases—yes, even in Bright's disease itself—there is no perceptible pain in the back, and these troubles often assert themselves in various symptoms—for instance, in troublesome diarrhoea, blood poison, impaired eyesight, nausea, loss of appetite, disordered digestion, loss of consciousness, husky voice and many other complaints too numerous to mention. Indeed thousands of people are suffering from the first stages of Bright's disease to-day, and *they do not know it.*

In conclusion, I would like to state that I have, since my success with the fireman, repeatedly prescribed Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, and if my professional brethren could only be brought so far as to overcome their prejudice against proprietary medicines they would, undoubtedly, find themselves recompensed for their supposed sacrifice of liberty, as well as by the great benefits that would accrue to the world. Most sincerely,

O. ANDERSON, M. D.
Superintendent.

The Secretary of the Treasury has authorized the coinage of a five-cent nickel piece of a new design, which is considered as being more in compliance with the law as regards weight and inscriptions than the present five-cent nickel piece. The new coin weighs twenty-one millimetres (which is one millimetre more than the present coin,) and is a little larger and thinner than the one now in circulation. On the face of the new coin is a female head surmounted with a fillet upon which is inscribed the word "Liberty," the whole being surrounded by thirteen stars. The reverse side contains a wreath surrounding a Roman numeral representing the denomination of the coin.

The Bible in Japan.

Recent letters from the Agent of the American Bible Society in Japan convey intelligence which is indicative of the rapid progress of Christianity in that empire. It is to the effect that a number of Japanese Christians had presented a formal and earnest appeal to be allowed an active part in the work of translating the Old Testament. They speak of the translation of the bible as a great work and far-reaching in its consequences: of the blessings which had come to them through the New Testament which had been already published and widely circulated; of the severe evils which would ensue if the remaining work was not wisely done; and of the want of uniformity in style which would be sure to mark a translation which was produced by the labours of many different scholars working apart. They therefore submit a plan, the substance of which is as follows:

1 That the whole work be given to one translating committee instead of the different books to individual translators.

2. That the committee be composed of eight members, four of whom shall be foreigners and four Japanese.

3. That the Japanese members be chosen by Japanese Christians.

4. That the foreigners and Japanese members have equal rights in voting.

5. That means be furnished to enable the members to devote their whole time to the work.

When it is remembered that it is only a few years since Christians were permitted even to enter Japan, such action as this is truly astonishing, and must awaken the most profound gratitude.

A Baptist Minister's Experience.

I am a Baptist Minister, and before I even thought of being a clergyman, I graduated in medicine, but left a lucrative practice for my present profession, 40 years ago. I was for many years a sufferer from quinsy; "Thomas' Eclectric Oil cured me." I was also troubled with hoarseness, and Thomas' Eclectric Oil always relieved me. My wife and child had diptheria, and "Thomas' Eclectric Oil cured them, "and if taken in time it will cure seven times out of ten. I am confident it is a cure for the most obstinate cold or cough, and if any one will take a small teaspoon and half fill it with the Oil, and then place the end of the spoon in one nostril and draw the Oil out of the spoon by sniffing as hard as they can, until the Oil falls over into the throat, and practice that twice a week, I don't care how offensive their head may be, it will clean it out and cure their catarrh. For deafness and earache it has done wonders to my certain knowledge. It is the only medicine dubbed patent medicine that I ever felt like reccommending, and I am very anxious to see it in every place, for I tell you that I would not be without it in my house for any consideration. I am now suffering with a pain like rheumatism in my right limb, and nothing relieves me like Thomas' Eclectric Oil.

Dr. E. CRANE,
Corry, Pa.

Who Struck "Billy"

The phrase "Who struck Billy Patterson?" is said to have originated during a melee in the early days of Franklin county, Ga., when a wealthy merchant of Baltimore, rejoicing in that euphonious cognomen, was struck from behind while trying to make peace among the cambatants. Mr. Patterson immediately called out in a tone that showed him to be fighting mad, "Who struck Billy Patterson?", and repeated the demand with an offer of $100, and finally as much as $1,000, for the desired information which was not, however, forthcoming, as the angry man is reported to have been "as stong as a bear and as brave as a lion," though ordinarily of a very peaceable disposition. Years afterward in his will, he related the above facts and bequeathed $1,000 to be paid by his executor to the man who would tell "who struck Billy Patterson." His will is recorded in the ordinary's office at Carnesville, Franklin county, Ga., and we are told that any one curious about the matter can there find it and verify the preceeding statements.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

How Pipes are Made.

The process of manufacturing meerschaum pipes requires both skill and practice. The blocks are first roughly cut into the shape of a pipe, They are then dipped into water, and while wet are turned on a lathe. The eye is the only guide to produce eveness and symmetry. After the lather has completed his work, the pipes are rubbed smooth, a reed with a fine velvety surface being used as a file. When all the scratches are removed, and a perfectly smooth surface is presented, the article is dipped in hot wax, left a few minutes there, and then polished with a rag. Right here is a point for smokers. When purchasing a meerschaum article always select one having a yellow tinge. A yellow shade shows that the meerschaum is sufficiently porous to absorb wax, and, thereforeit will readily color from nicotine. A white meerschaum pipe or cigar holder shows density sufficient to resist absorption. The best article is not too yellow, but what may be termed just yellow enough.

A PATRIARCH

Writes: "With a firm, steady hand (not a trembling one), though my age is nearly eighty, I give my testimony to the value of Burdock Blood Bitters; for twenty years I suffered torturesindescribable through dyspepsia, indigestion and constipation. I tried hundreds of remedies, but all was money thrown away until I tried your bitters. I give your Burdock the credit for making me strong and hearty. Price $1.00.

It is said that about eight hundred of the clerks recently taken into the Pension office on trial are to be discharged for inefficiency. This is a large number of inefficients, but if a general weeding of the departments takes place and civil service reform is carried out in good faith, the number will, no doubt, be largely reinforced. The practice of rushing into the departments political dependents in the train of members of Congress, without qualifications, has stocked a large field that needs pruning.

For the year 1883, days and dates of important events, anniversaries and holidays will fall as follows: Ash Wednesday, Feb. 7th; Valentine's Day, Wednesday, Feb. 14th; Washington's Birthday, Thursday, Feb 22d; St. Patrick's Day, Saturday, March 17th; Good Friday, March 22d; Easter Sunday, March 25th; Decoration Day, Wednesday, May 30th; Independence Day, Wednesday, July 4th; Thanksgiving Day Thursday, Nov. 29; Christmas, Tuesday, Dec. 25th.

LEWISBURG UNIVERSITY IN LUCK.—Mr. Wm. Bucknell, of Philadelphia, a generous supporter of many public institutions, has handed to the board of trustees of the University at Lewisburg, Pa., a Baptist thelogical seminary, his check for $100,000, including his own subscription of $50,000, which was made on condition that $50,000 more should be secured.

Elisha W. Davis, formerly a member of the Pennsylvania Legislature from Crawford county, and subsequently from Philadelphia, is now a member of the Colorado Legislature and speaker of the House of Representatives.

No man should ever be offended at the presentation of a bill for amounts due. It is business and no business man who has given others credit should fail to present them to all in arrears at least once in a year.

George L. Huston, of Parkesburg, Chester county, is building a house of iron upon a foundation of solid rock. The floors represent tiling, and the walls are hollow, the space between them to be used instead of chimneys. The builder states that hot air and smoke passing from furnaces between the walls will be sufficient to warm the building in the severest weather.

There were 9 tons of postage stamps, 52 tons of envelopes, 113½ tons of postal cards and 17 tons of newspaper wrappers sold at the New York post office in 1882. The sum altogether derived from postage at that office was $4,228,575.29.

UNREASONABLE EXPECTATIONS.

It has become so common a thing to complain of the lack of appreciation, gratitude and affection, that we are in danger of forgetting that the claims made for these desirable things are often most unreasonable. It is, of course, very pleasant to enjoy the good opinion of others—to be conscious that they recognize our services, honor our merits, and are thankful for our benefits; but when we set up claims for all or any of these—when we demand them in our hearts and feel aggrieved and defrauded when they are not rendered—the injustice is almost sure to be upon our own side, in requiring that to which we have no right.

The unselfish can never be really vulgar. They may be uncouth, but they cannot be more; while the best "top dressing" of manner to be found in the whole world cannot make the substance refined where the one foul canker of egotism and indifference to others lies at the heart of things.

Every winter adds a thank-ye-marm to the forehead, and leaves additional snowflakes in the hair.

N. B. The Bad and Worthless Are never *imitated* or *counterfeited.*

This is especially true of a family medicine, and it is positive proof that the remedy *imitated* is of the highest value.

As soon as it had been tested and proved by the whole world that Hop Bitters was the purest, best and most valuable family medicine on earth, many imitations sprung up and began to steal the notices in which the press and people of the country had expressed the merits of H. B., and in every way trying to induce suffering invalids to use their stuff instead, expecting to make money on the credit and good name of H. B.

Many others started nostrums put up in similar style to H. B., with variously cunningly devised names in which the word "Hop" or "Hops" were used in a way to induce people to believe they were the same as Hop Bitters. All such pretended remedies or cures, no matter what their style or name is, and especially those with the word "Hop" or "Hops" in their name or in any way connected with them or their name, are imitations or counterfeits.

Beware of them. Touch none of them, but: Use nothing but genuine Hop Bitters, with a bunch or cluster of green Hops on the white label. Trust nothing else. Druggists and dealers are warned against dealing in imitations or counterfeits. (9)

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND,

Is a Positive Cure

For all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.

A Medicine for Woman. Invented by a Woman. Prepared by a Woman.

The Greatest Medical Discovery Since the Dawn of History.

It revives the drooping spirits, invigorates and harmonizes the organic functions, gives elasticity and firmness to the step, restores the natural lustre to the eye, and lends on the pale cheek of woman the fresh roses of life's spring and early summer time.

Physicians Use It and Prescribe It Freely.

It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulant, and relieves weakness of the stomach.

That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S BLOOD PURIFIER will eradicate every vestige of Humors from the Blood, and give tone and strength to the system, or man woman or child. Don't fail to try it.

Both the Compound and Blood Purifier are prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price of either, $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, or of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Enclose 3ct. stamp. Send for pamphlet.

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, biliousness, and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box.

Sold by all Druggists. (1)

KIDNEY-WORT

HAS BEEN PROVED The SUREST CURE for KIDNEY DISEASES.

Does a lame back or disordered urine indicate that you are a victim? THEN DO NOT HESITATE; use Kidney-Wort at once, (druggists recommend it) and it will speedily overcome the disease and restore healthy action.

Ladies, to your sex, such as pained and weaknesses, Kidney-Wort is unsurpassed, as it will act promptly and safely.

Either Sex. Incontinence, retention of urine, brick dust or ropy deposits, and dull dragging pains, all speedily yield to its curative power.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Price $1.

KIDNEY-WORT

Acts at the same Time on Kidneys, Liver and Bowels.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

Cures Scrofula, Erysipelas, Pimples and Face Grubs, Blotches, Boils, Tumors, Tetter, Humors, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sores, Mercurial Diseases, Female Weakness and Irregularities, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Juandice, Affections of the Liver, Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia and General Debility.

A course of Burdock Blood Bitters will satisfy the most sceptical that it is the greatest Blood Purifier on earth. Sold by medicine dealers everywhere. Directions in eleven languages. Price $1.00.

FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Prop'r's, Buffa'o, N.Y.

Feb. 17 ly. 8

CATARRH

Ely's Cream Balm Effectually cleanses the nasal passages of Catarrhal virus, causing healthy secretions allays inflammation, protects the membranes from additional colds, completely heals the sores and restores the sense of taste and smell. Beneficial results are realized by a few applications. A thorough treatment will cure catarrh, hay fever &c. Unequaled for colds in the head Agreeable to use. Apply by the little finger into the nostrils. On receipt of fifty cents will mail a package for sale by all druggists.

ELY'S CREAM BALM CO., Owego, N. Y.

To Nervous Sufferers—The Great European Remedy.

DR. J. B. SIMPSON'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

Dr. J. B. Simpson's Specific Medicine is a positive cure for overwork of body or brain or excess of any kind, such as weakness and all diseases resulting from Nervous Debility, Irritability, Mental Anxiety, Languor, Lassitude, Depression of Spirits and functional derangements of the nervous system generally, Pains in the

Back or Side, Loss of Memory, Premature old age and diseases that lead to consumption, insanity & an early grave or both. No matter how shattered the system may be from excesses of any kind, a short course of this medicine will restore the lost functions and procure health and happiness where before was despondency and gloom. The Specific Medicine is being used with wonderful success.

Pamphlets sent free to all. Write for them and get full particulars.

Price, Specific $1.00 per package, or six packages for $5.00. Will be sent by mail on receipt of money Address all orders, J. B. SIMPSON'S MEDICINE CO Nos. 104 and 106 Main street, Buffalo, N. Y.

For sale by J. H. KINPORTS, Bloomsburg, Pa.

feb 24 82-1y

PURE INDIA TEAS

From the Districts of ASSAM, CHITTAGONG, CACHAR KANGRA VALLEY, DARJEELING, DEHRA DOON, and others. Absolutely Pure. Superior in flavor. The Most Economical. Requires only half the usual quantity. Sold by all grocers. JOHN C. PHILLIPS & CO., Agents of the Calcutta Tea Syndicate, 130 Water-St. N. Y.

Jan. 12-1 w d

J. J. BROWER,

CARPETS

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

SPEER'S

PORT GRAPE WINE.

Used in the principal Churches for Communion purposes

Excellent for Ladies and Weakly Persons and the Aged.

EXCELLENT FOR FEMALES AND WEAKLY PERSONS.

Speer's Port Grape Wine!

FOUR YEARS OLD.

THIS CELEBRATED NATIVE WINE is made from the juice of the Oporto Grape, raised in this country. Its invaluable

Tonic and Strengthening Properties

are unsurpassed by any other Native Wine. Being the pure juice of the Grape, produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness, are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weakest invalid use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that affect the weaker sex. It is in every respect A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

SPEER'S

P. J. Sherry.

The P. J. SHERRY is a wine of Superior Character, and partakes of the rich qualities of the grape from which it is made. For Purity, Richness, Flavor and Medicinal Properties, it will be found unexcelled.

SPEER'S

P. J. Brandy.

This BRANDY stands unrivaled in this Country being far superior for medicinal purposes.

IT IS PURE distillation from the grape, and contains valuable medicinal properties.

It has a delicate flavor, similar to that of the grapes, from which it is distilled, and is in great favor among first-class families.

See that the signature of ALFRED SPEER, Passaic N. J. is over the cork of each bottle.

SOLD BY C. A. KLEIM.

AND BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Sept. 22, '82, 1-y.

PAYNE'S 10 Horse Spark-Arresting Portable Engine has cut 10,000 ft. of Michigan Pine Boards in 10 hours, burning slabs from the saw in eight-foot lengths.

Our 10 Horse we Guarantee to furnish power to saw 8,000 to 1 of Hemlock Boards in 10 hours. *Our 15 Horse will cut 20,000 feet* in same time.

Our Engines are guaranteed to furnish a horse-power on ¼ less fuel and water than any other Engine not fitted with an Automatic Cut-Off. If you want a Stationary or Portable Engine, Boiler, Circular Saw Mill, Shafting or Pulleys, either cast or Mesdard's Patent Wrought-Iron Pulley, send for our illustrated catalogue, No. 12, for information and prices.

B. W. PAYNE & SONS,
Corning, N. Y. Box 1427.
Jan. 5, '83-1y.

M. C. SLOAN & BRO,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Manufacturers of

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, PHAETONS, SLEIGHS, PLATFORM WAGONS, &C.

First-class work always on hand.

REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.

Prices reduced to suit the times.

C. E. SAVAGE,

DEALER IN

Silverware, Watches, Jewelry, Clocks.

All kinds of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry neatly repaired and warranted.

may 17, '78-tf

PAINTING

AND

PAPER HANGING.

WM. F. BODINE,

IRON ST., BELOW SECOND, BLOOMSBURG, PA. is prepared to do all kinds of

HOUSE PAINTING

Plain and Ornamental

PAPER HANGING,

BOTH DECORATIVE AND PLAIN.

All kinds of Furniture Repaired and made as good as new.

NONE BUT FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN EMPLOYED.

Estimates Made on all Work.

WM. F. BODINE.

PLUMBING,

GAS FITTING,

STOVES AND TINWARE.

—:o:—

E. B. BROWER

Has purchased the Stock and Business of I. Hagenbuch, and is now prepared to do all kinds of work in his line. Plumbing and Gas Fitting a specialty. Tinware, Stoves,

RANGES AND HEATERS,

in a great variety. All work done by

EXPERIENCED HANDS.

Main Street corner of East.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

BLANK BOOKS

BLANK BOOKS!

Of every description Ruled and bound to order; also binder of all Periodicals such as Harper's, Century, St. Nicholas, Peterson's, &c. In fact all Publications bound in latest and most substantial styles.

Correspondence Solicited.

J. W. RAEDER,

110 & 112 W. MARKET STREET,

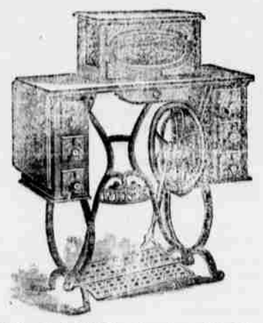
WILKES-BARRE, Pa.

J. SALTZER'S

General Sewing Machine Depot,

Fifth Store Below Market St.,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.



Celebrated White Sewing Machine,

New Davis Vertical Feed Sewing Machine,

New Home Sewing Machine,

Household Sewing Machine,

Estey Sewing Machine,

Genuine Singer Sewing Machine,

Singer Pattern Sewing Machine,

Attachments, best Sewing Machine Oil, and Needles for all sewing machines. Sewing Machines sold on monthly payments. Liberal discount made for cash. Every machine purchased from me is warranted to be kept in good running order for five years free of charge, and thorough instructions given by the best lady operator in this part of the state free of charge. Examine my stock of machines before purchasing.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

PHILADELPHIA.

TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES,

RICE, SPICES, SICARS SODA, &c., &c.

N. E. Corner Second and Arch streets.

Orders will receive promptattention

IRELAND of TO-DAY $75 to $150 Per Month. New Edition Now Ready. Agents Wanted. Gives Repression Bill, Parnell & other Leaders. J. C. McCURDY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

June 29-1y ad

LEGAL BLANKS,

ALWAYS ON HAND

AT THIS OFFICE.

Every buyer should Select an Organ That guarantees good Every day work and Years of service.

Every Estey Organ Sold is made Throughout with Equal fidelity, and Yields unrivaled tones.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

J. ESTEY & CO., Brattleboro, Vt.

CELEBRATED WEBER PIANOS.

HARDMAN PIANOS,

And other first class Pianos, and a large lot of

Five cent Sheet Music,

—MUSIC BOOKS,—

VIOLINS, ACCORDEONS,

BANJOS,

MUSICAL ORGUINETTE,

VIOLIN STRINGS,

And everything in the Music line.

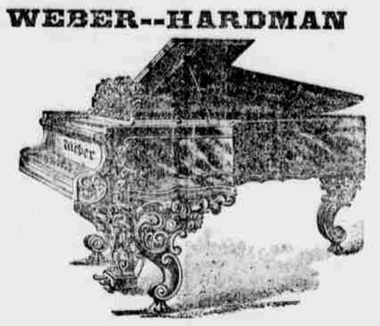
J. SALTZER,

MUSIC ROOM,

FIFTH STORE BELOW MARKET STREET,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

WEBER--HARDMAN



PIANOS,

FINE INLAID FRENCH WALNUT CASE ORGAN, 9 STOPS, $90 CASH.

Easy Terms. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

BACON'S PIANO WARE ROOMS,

MUSIC HALL BLOCK, WILKES-BARRE, PA

BLOOMSBURG PLANING MILL

—:o:—

The undersigned having put his Planing Mill on Railroad Street, in first-class condition, is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line.

FRAMES, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, FLOORING, Etc.

furnished at reasonable prices. All lumber used is well seasoned and none but skilled workmen are employed.

ESTIMATES FOR BUILDINGS

furnished on application. Plans and specifications prepared by an experienced draughtsman.

CHARLES KRUG,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

1883 NORTH STAR SEED FARMS 1883

GO TO HEADQUARTERS FOR EARLY MINNESOTA SWEET CORN!

Educated and practical growers now carrying out motto "That the further North seeds are grown the earlier their product will be." We offer this year a full line of Seeds, Potatoes true to name, grown on dry sandy soil: Second Blue Stem Wheat; White Russian Oats; Early Peerless, and Improved Early Rose Potatoes; North Star Yellow Dent Corn still the best and for fodder use; also 75 varieties of other seeds; Beets, carrots, peas, &c., &c., a full list and price list of 1882 growth on our own farms. Send for price list, agents wanted and terms of starting. Free to all. 9th Annual Catalogue. Address, W. M. HARRIS & CO., Grower, Importer & Jobbers, St. Paul, Minn.

Dec. 29-4 w d

$72 A WEEK. $12 a day at home easily made. Costly Outfit free. Address TRUE & CO Augusta, Maine. march 21-1y

SELLERS' COUGH SYRUP.

d Jan. 12-4w.

WISE people are always on the lookout for chances to improve their circumstances, and in these hard times many who become wealthy; those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. Dec. 8, '82-1y.

CUT THIS OUT! AGENTS MAKE $15 TO $40 PER WEEK. We have stores in 15 leading Cities, from which our agents obtain their supplies quickly. Our Specialties, Principal Office: 122 Fifth Ave., N. Y. 1st door from Adams. Send for Catalogue and terms to Agents. Address

H. N. LOVELL 312 Lackawanna Ave SCRANTON, PA.

March 8-1y

AGENTS Wanted for Sunbeam Illustrated standard Books & Bibles Bradley, Garretson & Co. Liberal terms. Brantford, Ont. Philadelphia, Pa.

June 29-1y ad

REST not, life is sweeping on, go and dare before you die, something mighty and sublime leave behind to conquer time." $66 a week in your own town. $5 outfit free. No risk. Everything new. Ca Tal not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want business at which you can make great pay all the time, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine. Dec. 8, '82-1y.

ADVERTISERS

Can learn the exact cost of any proposed line or Advertising in American papers by addressing Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce St., New York. Send 10c. for 100 page pamphlet. r Jan. 12, '83-4w.

FREE 8 USEFUL ARTICLES, BEAUTIFUL FLORAL CHROMO CARDS, Size 5 x 8, and an illustrated Book, to all who send two 3c. stamps for postage and packing. Mention this paper. E. O. RIDEOUT & CO., NEW YORK.

Jan 12, '83.

NEUTRALIZED.

In what way a Prevalent Evil may be Shorn of its Power to Harm.

Malaria is a broad name for many diseases—all originating in blood poisoning. Bilious fever, the typhus and typhoid fevers and chills and fever are prominent members of the family. Malaria defies alike the builders, the plumbers and the physicians. Despairing of ordinary treatment, the latter almost unanimously recommend BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER as the greatest anti-malarial specific of the age. These plasters act upon the liver, spleen, bowels and kidneys. Worn over the region of the liver, and upon the back over the kidneys, they ward off malaria like an armor. No other plasters do this.

When you purchase, satisfy yourself that the word CAPCINE is cut in the center of the plaster. Seabury & Johnson, Chemists, New York. Highest awards at International Expositions.

de d

INVESTORS

Desiring First-class, DIVIDEND Paying Stocks or Bonds yielding TEN PER CENT. Per annum, and over, WELL SECURED may obtain full particulars, with satisfactory references and testimonials, by addressing H. BLAISDELL, 1st Nat'l Bk., 48 Congress St., Boston, Mass. Mention this paper.

dec 29-4w d

FITS A Leading London Physician establishes an Office in New York for the Cure of EPILEPTIC FITS. From An Journal of Medicine.

Dec. 29-4 w

Oct 6 82-1y

$66 A week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. Address H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. march 21-1y

$72 A week made at home by the Industrious. Best business now before the public. Capital not needed. We will start you. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time, or give your whole time to the business. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily and honorably. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. Dec. 8, '82-1y.

Wanted

AGENTS! AGENTS! AGENTS!

Thirty-Three Years Among OUR WILD INDIANS!

A true record of the Author's *Thirty-Three Years' Personal Experience among our Indians.* By With an able Introduction

By Gen. Sherman.

This new work was at once subscribed for by President ARTHUR and entire Cabinet and by Gen. Sherman, Gen. Grant, Gen. Sheridan, Gen. Hancock, and thousands of Eminent Men. Gen. GRANT says: "It is the best book on Indian ever written." Bishop VINCENT (Methodist) says it "is a book of common value. It is the only authentic account of our Indians ever published, fully revealing their "inner life," secret designs, habits, etc. It is replete with thrilling experiences of the author, and of famous Scouts, Trappers, Guides, Miners, Border Ruffians, etc., vividly portraying Life in the Great West as it now is. 484 thousand in use. With Steel Engravings and Superb Chromo-Lithograph Plates in 12 colors, from photographs made by the U. S. Government expressly for this great work.

AGENTS! This grand book is now out-selling all others 10 to 1. No competition. Agents average 10 to 20 orders a day. We want 1000 more agents at once. Exclusive territory and special terms given. Our large circulars with full particulars and *Extra*. A fine Specimen Plate sent to soldiers for 3 cent stamp. Address the sole publishers.

A. D. WORTHINGTON & CO., HARTFORD, CONN.

sept 22-4m

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address.

DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.

Dec. 29-4 w

THE PANTAGRAPH BINDER.

FOR SALE ONLY AT

"THE COLUMBIAN" OFFICE.

CALL AND SEE.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD. PHILADELPHIA & ERIE R. R. DIVISION.

Philadelphia and Erie Railroad Division and Northern Central Railway.

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

In effect June 5th, 1882, trains leave Northumberland.

EASTWARD,

9.25 a. m.—Sea Shore Express for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 3.30 p. m.; New York, 6.15 p. m. Baltimore, 5.10 p. m.; Washington 6.47 p. m., making close connections at Philadelphia for all Sea Shore points.

1.40 p. m.—Day express for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 7.35 p. m.; New York, 10.25 p. m.; Baltimore, 7.20 p. m.; Washington, 8.47 p. m. Pullman Parlor car through to Philadelphia and passenger coaches through to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.05 p. m.—Williamsport Accommodation for Sunbury, Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia and New York, arriving at Philadelphia 2.55 a. m.; New York 6.15 a. m. Sleeping car accommodations can be secured at Harrisburg for Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

1.55 a. m.—Erie Mail for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 7.50 a. m.; New York, 11.35 a. m. Baltimore 7.45 a. m.; Washington, 9.17 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, and through passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

WESTWARD,

6.35 a. m.—Erie Mail for Erie and all intermediate stations with through Pullman Palace car and through passenger coaches to Erie.

For Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with Pullman Palace car and passenger coaches through to Rochester.

1.45 p. m.—Niagara Express for Kane